



CALIFORNIA COWBOYS PROFESSIONAL RODEO BY-LAWS AND RULES 2025

2025 BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Stock Director/Chairman.....	Terri Davis
Stock Director/Chairman.....	Colby Camacho
Timed Event Director	Ken Cook
Riding Event Director.....	A.J. Hamre
Committee Director.....	Wayne Hiatt
General Membership Director.....	Casey Minton
Bareback Riding Rep.....	Remmi Green
Saddle Bronc Rep.....	Matt Cicisly
Bull Riding Rep.....	Alex Santana
Calf Roping Rep.....	Kolby Bravos
Steer Wrestling Rep.....	Brandon Green
Team Roping Rep	Mike George
Women's Barrel Race Rep.....	Vicky Cook
Breakaway Roping Rep.....	Kylyn Watkins
Secretary/Treasurer.....	Jodie Moffatt

ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION

The undersigned hereby certify that:

FIRST:

The name of the Association is and shall be California Cowboys Professional Rodeo Association, Inc.

SECOND:

The California Cowboys Professional Rodeo Association (hereinafter sometimes referred to as the Association or CCPRA) has been formed for the following purposes:

- To establish a foundation upon which can be built a better understanding, a close communication between the rodeo contestant, rodeo contractor, and rodeo committee and a continuing concentrated effort be made between the three entities for the improvement of the sport of rodeo for all concerned.
- To organize rodeo in the State of California for the mutual protection and benefit of all interested parties.
- To ensure a just amount of prize money.
- To require that all entry fees be added to prize money.
- To secure competent honest judges and officials in all events.
- To raise the standard of cowboy contest so that they shall rank among the foremost American Sports.
- To protect the members against unfairness on the part of any individual or group.
- To work for the betterment of conditions and of the rules governing rodeo events.
- To establish a central place of registration for the convenience of members.
- To encourage rodeos to comply with standards necessary to obtain approval of this association.
- To hold and sponsor contests and championships among members.
- To exercise all powers granted by law to a nonprofit corporation.
- To keep abreast of all development of the growth of rodeo in and out of the State of California and to continually improve in such a way that will benefit the CCPRA and the sport of rodeo.

THIRD:

Members shall be such rodeo enthusiasts as are specified by the By-Laws.

BYLAWS

ARTICLE ONE:

The Annual meeting of the members shall be held at the finals each year and all members shall be notified of the location, date, and time. At such meeting, the event directors shall be elected, and policy changes proposed.

The order of business at the annual meeting shall be as follows:

- Roll Call
- Annual Reports of Event Directors, Committees, and Executive Directors
- Unfinished Business
- Event Meetings
- Nomination and Election of Event Directors
- Other Business
- Nomination and Election of Executive Directors also referred to as the Board of Directors.

Event Directors:

- Bareback Director
- Saddle Bronc Director
- Bull Riding Director
- Calf Roping Director
- Steer Wrestling Director
- Team Roping Director
- Breakaway Director
- Barrel Racing Director
- Contract Members Representative

Event Directors shall be elected each year to serve a two-year term. On even numbered years the bareback, saddle bronc, calf roping, and barrel racing directors shall be elected and on odd numbered years the bull riding, team roping, steer wrestling, contract member and breakaway directors shall be elected. Directors will be voted in by members of their event at the general meeting held during the year end finals.

ARTICLE TWO:

The Chairman of the Board of Directors may call a meeting of the Board of Directors any time, provided each Director is given advance notice of the meeting.

ARTICLE THREE:

Any three Executive Directors may also call a meeting giving similar notice.

ARTICLE FOUR:

If the by-laws are to be amended a minimum of two days' notice must be given, stating the purpose of the meeting.

ARTICLE FIVE:

Members shall present their card of membership upon entering an Association meeting upon request of a Director or other official.

ARTICLE SIX:

The Executive Board of Directors was designed to distribute powers. The Executive Directors of the Board of Directors will consist of six members: two Stock Contractor Representatives (must be a current stock contractor), one Rough Stock Representative (previous/current member rough stock competitor), one Timed Event Representative (previous/current timed event competitor), one Committee Representative (member of a rodeo committee), and one General Membership Representative (previous/current member with a business background).

General Powers: The Executive Board of Directors shall have the power to conduct the business and affairs of the CCPRA and the power to make, adopt or amend the Articles of Incorporation, Bylaws, CCPRA Association Rules. The Executive Board of Directors may take any action that it considers necessary or appropriate to carry out the purposes of the CCPRA and may enter into any contract or obligation in furtherance thereof.

- Nomination for Executive Directors will be advertised among the general membership. Executive Director applicants will be reviewed by the Executive Director Board. Those applicants the Executive Directors feel most qualified for the position shall be elected by current Event Directors ballot for a two-year term. On even numbered years the Rough Stock Representative, one Stock Contractor Representative and the General Membership Representative will be elected. On odd number years the Timed Event Representative, Committee Representative and one Stock Contractor Representative shall be elected. Executive Directors are eligible for reelection at the end of their term.
- The Chairman of the Board shall be elected by a majority vote of the Executive Directors for a term of two years.
- The Chairman of the Board shall preside at all meetings of the Board of Directors and of the Association.
- All Directors shall serve without salary.
- An Executive Director may be removed at any time with or without cause by a majority vote of the Board of Directors. An Executive Director who misses three

Board of Directors meetings in a row shall be deemed to have resigned and shall be replaced unless valid excuse is submitted in writing and accepted by vote of the Board of Directors.

- The Executive Board of Directors will fill any vacancy that occurs through the resignation or removal of an Executive Director. This shall be done by majority vote of the Executive Board of Directors at any meeting. Such election to be for the unexpired term. If any Executive Director resigns or is removed, alternate to be put in position within 30 days.
- No Association official shall hold an elected position while serving as an officer or official of another rodeo association.
- Each Executive Officer shall have one vote. Majority will decide an issue. The Chairman of the Board of Directors will not vote unless to break a tie.

ARTICLE SEVEN:

- An Event Director shall be appointed to represent each of the eight contest events and one representing the contract members.
- The Event Director shall represent the event which elected them. Any complaint on the part of a member should go to the Event Director for the event. At rodeos where a director is not present for an event, the complaint will be presented to another director in the same division, that is riding or timed event. If no director is present in the division, then it should be presented to any director present. The director will interpret the rule book and make a decision. If no director is present from either division or the contract members, the stock contractor will settle the dispute from the rule book. If either party wishes to appeal the decision it must be presented to the Board of Directors for a final ruling either in person or in writing. Under no circumstances should any action be taken at the rodeo that would be detrimental to that production or to rodeo in general.

ARTICLE EIGHT:

A quorum of ten percent of the membership shall be required to transact the business at a General Membership Meeting. A minimum of three Executive Directors must be present to transact the business of the Board of Directors.

ARTICLE NINE:

The Articles of Incorporation and By-Laws may be amended by a majority of a duly constituted quorum at any annual or special meeting after notice of such meeting is given as above required. By-Laws may also be amended by a majority of mail ballot votes providing that ballots are mailed to all members in good standing and at least 10 percent of the membership votes. All ballots postmarked for return within 30 days after being mailed by the Chairman of the Board count.

The rule book may be amended, added to, or changed in any way by a majority of the Board of Directors. At the Finals annual meeting members will have individual event meetings, at which time all proposed rules and/or rule changes shall be considered and sustained or rejected by majority vote of individual event members present. All such rules will remain “proposed” until a subsequent meeting of the board of directors. At that time a final decision will be made on said proposed rules and/or rule changes by a majority vote of the board of directors.

Special trial basis rule change meetings may be called by the Chairman of the Board by the request of three Board of Directors members upon 15 days’ notice. Trial basis rule changes shall be voted on at end of year, if no vote occurs then such rules will resolve.

Board of Directors shall vote by ballot on proposed rule changes.

ARTICLE TEN:

The fiscal year of the Association shall close December 31.

ARTICLE ELEVEN:

Regular voting membership shall be open to rodeo contesting cowboys, cowgirls, contract performers, secretaries, stock contractors and committees belonging to the Association. No member under 15 years of age may compete in rough stock events.

Associate membership, that will be nonvoting, shall be available for thirty- five (\$35.00) dollars to any interested, nonparticipating individual or business, that is sympathetic to the Association’s purpose.

Any person wishing to become a member of the Association shall comply and be bound by the Association’s rules, by-laws, general policies, membership requirements, and decisions.

A suspended member, that does not become delinquent in dues, may be reinstated by satisfying debts or fines owed to the Association and paying current dues.

A member in good standing who has paid dues for 10 years from inception of C.C.A. until now as C.C.P.R.A. and has reached the age of fifty years will be given a dues-free membership card. Those who wish to rodeo will apply for free contesting card annually and the competitor newspaper. Dues are \$35.00.

SALARIED PERSONNEL

ARTICLE TWELVE:

The Chairman shall employ such personnel as the Board of Directors deems necessary. Such employees shall receive a salary and expenses in an amount fixed and approved by the Board of Directors. Personnel so employed shall perform all manners of duties to the benefit of the Association as directed by the President and the Board of Directors.

ARTICLE THIRTEEN:

The Board of Directors shall agree upon a person to serve as Secretary-Treasurer of this Association and shall direct the Chairman to employ or arrange for the services of such person. The Secretary - Treasurer shall receive a salary, if any, in an amount fixed by the Board of Directors. The Secretary-Treasurer shall perform duties as directed by the Board of Directors.

- The secretary shall keep the minutes and other official reports of the Association. She shall conduct its official correspondence and shall keep all records, books, documents, and papers relating to the Association at such place as shall be designated by the Board of Directors.
- The Treasurer shall keep account of all monies received by her and shall deposit it in the name of the Association in such depository as shall be designated by Board of Directors. She shall not pay or disburse any of the money of the Association except by check and only for the purposes of the Association. At each annual meeting of the members, she shall make a statement of the current financial condition of the Association.
- The Association records shall be audited every other year.

ARTICLE FOURTEEN:

Before performing any duties, the Secretary-Treasurer shall be required to make a good and sufficient bond for the faithful performance of her duties. The amount and sufficiency of such bond to be fixed by the Board of Directors. The amount of such bond to be fixed by the Board of Directors. The cost of such bond or bonds shall be borne by the Association.

STOCK CONTRACTORS AND RODEO PRODUCERS:

ARTICLE FIFTEEN:

Before a membership card will be issued to a new stock contractor or rodeo producer, information regarding applicant's ability to provide sufficient quality stock and equipment to produce a full-scale CCPRA rodeo must be reviewed by the Board of Directors. Applicants must submit proof of Workman's Compensation Insurance to the office when applying for membership. All new stock contractors and rodeo producers will be considered on probation until the Board of Directors approves their card. They will be brought up for probationary review only after they have produced three new rodeos. Sanctioned CCPRA Bull Rides and Rough Rider events do not qualify as a rodeo in meeting stock contractor requirements. All stock contractors and rodeo producers on probation cannot bid on or produce an established CCPRA rodeo. They will be brought up for probationary review only after they have produced three new rodeos in one year. If they do not produce three rodeos in one year, they have to reapply as a new stock contractor.

Contestants may boycott a rodeo if stock contractor has received a letter from the Board of Directors giving him 15 days' notice on repeated use of poor cattle or any other related violation.

Requirements for potential stock contractors: Five letters of recommendations from rodeo committees they have produced rodeos for and/or stock contractors and/or individuals in good standing. Inventory list showing adequate stock for a rodeo, including lease contacts. A current business financial statement and resume of previous jobs and duties is necessary.

TV AND ALL VIEWING RIGHTS

ARTICLE SIXTEEN:

The Board of Directors has the sole and exclusive right to negotiate all TV and all viewing rights for Contesting Membership for all rodeos.

HONORARY MEMBERSHIP

ARTICLE SEVENTEEN:

Honorary membership may be given to those who have done something extraordinary for the sport of rodeo.

Recommendations for honorary membership must be made in writing by a member in good standing and must set forth in detail what the person recommended has done for the sport. Honorary membership may be awarded only by action of the Board of Directors.

DUES

ARTICLE EIGHTEEN:

Membership cards cannot be issued until dues and insurance are received by the CCPRA office. All contest membership cards must include required insurance. Insurance only covers CCPRA rodeos.

SCHEDULE OF DUES:

Dues for the year will be \$200.00 for full card holders.

- Dues for the year for contract performers including bullfighters, judges, pickup men, clowns, photographers, announcers, and secretaries are \$100.00. If a PRCA judge has attended a PRCA judge seminar in the last two years, he may be chosen by the CCPRA stock contractors to receive a current year judge membership at no cost. Dues for the year for timers are \$75.00. Timers must be experienced. Dues for the year for a person 18 years of age and younger will be \$100. Members 18 and under must have a waiver signed by parents on file at the CCPRA office with the Secretary-Treasurer. Contract nonmembers can be fined, put on ineligible list and stock contractors notified.
- New rodeo secretaries must submit proof of annual \$10,000.00 performance bond to the Association office before membership card will be issued.
- Stock Contractors dues are \$200.00. Any contractor wishing to contest must also hold a full card.
- Hazer in bulldogging must purchase day permit if not a member.
- Announcers on horseback and arena photographers, including video tapers in and around the arena, shall have full membership cards. Photographers are not exempt from dress code.
- Membership dues are payable November 1st and will be considered delinquent January 31st annually. Non-payment of the dues shall automatically forfeit all

privileges including the right to vote. When there are no objections, a member shall be reinstated by paying his regular dues plus a \$10.00 penalty.

- Application for membership must be on file in CCPRA office before it may be issued.
- Any member desiring to resign from this Association may do so by submitting a letter in writing to the Association office and remain in good standing providing that they do not work at suspended rodeos produced by non CCPRA approved producers or stock contractors. Thereafter he or she shall be allowed to rejoin at any time after one year has elapsed, or by approval of the Board of Directors, upon payment of his regular annual dues.
- The Board of Directors shall have the option of requiring any individual membership in the Association that is on the suspended list of another rodeo association to petition the Board of Directors for membership approval.
- The member that brings in the most sponsorship money will get their membership paid for the following year.

MEETINGS

ARTICLE NINETEEN:

- At the Finals, the meeting is mandatory! Members will be fined \$100 for not attending and cannot compete in the performance until fine is paid. Contestants must be present at the time that roll is called to avoid this.
- Rule Change Meeting: Rules will be voted on by the new Board of Directors.
- Rules can be changed during the middle of the year if it is for the betterment of the association and not for personal gain.

ARTICLE TWENTY:

The Chairman shall have the right to poll the membership by mail ballot if they feels any rule or policy passed by the Board of Directors is detrimental to the general membership of the Association; further, the membership shall have the right, by written petition of 10 percent of the membership, to call for the polling by mail of the general membership on any action taken by the Board of Directors.

ARTICLE TWENTY-ONE:

In order for a Rodeo to be sanctioned by the CCPRA, a copy of the insurance certificate must be received by the CCPRA office. This certificate must show full insurance coverage, including CCPRA being named additional insured, 60 days prior to rodeo date.

ASSOCIATION RULES

PURPOSE:

The purpose of California Cowboys Professional Rodeo Association shall be to promote rodeo as a sport and profession striving at all times to ensure fairness to both the contestants and producers, to create an amicable relationship among stock contractors, producers, and contestants, and to inspect, approve and advertise rodeos being sponsored in accordance with Association standards.

GENERAL POLICIES

- Unless otherwise stated in the rule book, the set fine for any rule infraction of this Association shall be \$50.00 for minor fine, \$100 for major fine. All contesting members will at all times conduct themselves in an exemplary manner and shall present themselves in a neat, clean, and orderly cowboy or cowgirl manner and assist with publicity when requested.
- Un-authorized persons will not be allowed in the arena, on the arena fence, etc., during performance or slack.
- Fines for actions and remarks derogatory to CCPRA shall be \$50.00 and/or suspension for one month. There will be \$100.00 fine for any rowdiness the night of a meeting for the first offense with an automatic suspension for a repeated offense. Fighting at any CCPRA social or business function will subject member to \$500.00 fine for first offense. Second offense will bring automatic suspension.
- GRAND ENTRY - The CCPRA urges that all colors and grand entries be handled by competent horses and horsemen.
- In all cases of dispute, the Rodeo will proceed without delay under existing CCPRA rules. The matter of said dispute shall be settled by the Board of Directors with a right of appeal to the Board of Directors.
- Decisions of judges, flagmen, and timers shall be final, if in accordance with CCPRA rules and no protest by the contestant will be permitted; no talking will be allowed to the judges, flagmen or timers during any one of the eight major events. Failure to observe this rule may result in a \$50.00 fine and/or disqualification.
- All CCPRA rodeos may be advertised as a championship rodeo. It is agreed between the officers of the CCPRA and producers of all championship rodeos that a qualified stock contractor will be obtained for these rodeos.
- ROOKIES - The CCPRA will be responsible for all trophies awarded on the annual CCPRA point system. Eligible Rookies must be a first-year member in any (non-school connected) State or National Association and have won the most money in that event. Rookies are first year members who have never belonged to any other association except high school and college rodeo.
- A Finals Rodeo Committee will be established by the Board of Directors.

- Finals Rodeo qualifiers must compete in all Finals Rodeo performances to receive any CCPRA awards unless excused by doctor's certificate or if rodeo is postponed or cancelled.
- The CCPRA office shall maintain a list of paid-up members, a disapproved check list, and a suspended list; to be released to qualified interested parties upon request. Anyone knowingly accepting entry of any person currently listed as ineligible will be subject to an automatic fine of \$100.00 per infraction.
- All CCPRA members shall read and know the rules as outlined in this rule book. Judges must adhere to and enforce the rules of the CCPRA.
- A couple (married or boyfriend/girlfriend) cannot serve the same years on the executive director board.
- Six percent of the gross prize money shall be deducted by the secretary before winning contestants are paid and shall be mailed to the CCPRA office. Two percent is designated for the Finals Rodeo Purse, two percent for promotion and awards, and two percent for General Fund.
- All Prize monies added by the Finals Rodeo Committee and the two percent monies shall be divided into nine (9) shares with the team roping event receiving two (2) shares, and all other events receiving one (1) share each.
- Any CCPRA approved rodeo must have the eight major events. If this causes a hardship, a committee has the right to submit a letter of explanation to the Board of Directors in ample time for consideration and approval and publication in the Newsletter.

The eight major events being considered as:

- Bareback Riding
 - Saddle Bronc Riding
 - Bull Riding
 - Calf Roping
 - Team Roping
 - Steer Wrestling
 - Girls Barrel Racing
 - Breakaway Roping
- The management assumes no responsibility for injury or damage to the person, property or stock of any owner, contestant, or assistant.
 - Each participant by the act of paying his or her membership dues waives all claims against the management for injuries he or she or their property may sustain.

- Each individual sponsoring committee is allowed to set and establish its own prize money, except that all entry fees must be added to the purse and listed as such when advertising the rodeo. A rodeo must have a \$500.00 minimum added purse in each event for approval as a CCPRA rodeo. Effective 2008 added money shall be equal for header and heeler in the Team Roping. No established annual rodeo may lower added purse without sanction by the CCPRA Board of Directors. At no time may entry fee exceed purse per event.
- NEW CCPRA RODEOS: A minimum of \$400 added money in each event the first year. New CCPRA rodeos must be approved by executive directors.
- DOCTOR'S RELEASES - To "Doctor Release Out" of a rodeo you must notify Secretary of that Rodeo BEFORE pay off. If you cannot reach secretary by phone, send word with a reliable person. Anyone withdrawing from any event because of injury may not compete in the same event for a period of 10 days from the date of the performance of which they Doctor Out of. Fine for this violation will be a minimum of \$100.00. The CCPRA office must receive a Doctors Certificate within seven days after the last performance of the Rodeo or fine shall be \$50.00 plus entry fees. No rodeo shall be responsible for the return of contestant's entry fee if he or she has contested in the event once during the rodeo, but if they are entered in other events in which they can prove they are unable to contest, then the entry fees for those events must be returned. The decision of the judge is final. Multi-eventers can doctor release from one event before contesting and remain in their other entered events.
- A contestant may turn out due to a visible injury or illness, provided notification of such a turn-out is authorized by a judge at the given rodeo no later than three hours prior to the performance that he is turning out. In the case of a visible injury turn-out to be authorized by a judge, the judge is to grant a visible injury release only if there is obvious injury or illness; otherwise, the contestant must have a letter from a doctor verifying the injury or illness. A visible injury turn out is responsible for entry fees. In this instance, the contestant shall remain eligible to enter or compete in any CCPRA rodeo following the performance which he has turned out because of a visible injury or illness. The decision of the judge is final.
- SANCTION FORMS - Rodeos wishing CCPRA approval must have their sanction form in the CCPRA office 60 days before the rodeo date. MANDATORY!! This application must state the events, prize money per event, amount of entry fee and the rodeo secretary's name before it will be approved. CCPRA will publish on its website only information relative to the CCPRA Rodeo weekend. Stock Contractor will be fined \$50 if it is not in the office 60 days prior - exception being a new rodeo.
- Sanctions: To co-approve a rodeo, it must have the \$500 minimum added, no exceptions. Committee Sanction Fees for rodeos – 1 day \$100.00, 2 days \$200.00.
- When applying for a sanction on a two or more performance rodeo (upon CCPRA approval), the committee / stock contractor may allow "enter twice" in BB and SB events (or any other event not filling ex: SW)

- When applying for a sanction on a two or more-performance rodeo (upon CCPRA approval), the committee / stock contractor may split the BB and SB events (or any event not filling ex: SW) into two (2) separate rodeos by doubling the added money in those two events. EX: instead of a two-day rodeo with \$500 added, it becomes two rodeos with \$500.00 added each day.
- C.C.P.R.A. Approved Rodeo minimum limits:
 - One-Day Rodeos - 16 each riding event; 40 each timed event.
 - Two-Day Rodeos- 30 each riding event; 50 each timed event.

In roping events, the stock contractor can supply 1/3 enough cattle if over 40 entries on a 1-day rodeo and over 50 entries on a 2-day rodeo. Entries to be unlimited. Each subsequent performance minimum limits would be increased by 15 in each riding event and 10 more in each timed event. If minimum limits are in effect, unlimited in any event must be published on the website. Slack in any event may be day or night at the discretion of stock contractor. Time of performance and time of slack MUST be published on the website. No contestant event may start before the advertised time.

- Long Listings published on the website must be followed, or responsible party will be dealt with by the Board of Directors.
 - If committees have a special or extreme condition whereby, they cannot possibly meet the CCPRA minimum limits, the rodeo has the right to petition the Board of Directors for approval, showing good cause. Limits will then be set based on the Contract's stock requirement with the following agreement:
 - Horses and bulls must each be bucked at least once daily at all rodeos when entries warrant.
 - Steers must each be run twice per day at all rodeos when entries warrant.
 - Calves cannot be run more than twice per day at each rodeo unless a cut is allowed due to injury.
- Entry time must be open at least 6 days.
- FIRST AID AND AMBULANCES: Sponsoring committees will furnish first-aid auto or ambulance to stand by during the performances and slack time to properly take care of any injured contestants. It is highly recommended that a doctor also be on the grounds.
- TURN OUT RULE: Any contestant with an UN-NOTIFIED turn out of stock during performance or slack will pay an automatic \$40.00 turn out fine and will be on the ineligible list after that rodeo until fines and all fees are paid. A NOTIFIED turn out means a contestant must notify Rodeo Secretary of the rodeo in which they are entered, three hours prior to start of performance in which they are entered.

- Member no-shows in any event will be paid off on. They will be turned in to the CCPRA office for repayment WHETHER OR NOT STOCK IS USED BY AN ADDITIONAL ENTRY. If contestant turns out head of stock when not ill or hurt, he or she will pay turn out fine plus entry fee to CCPRA. In Rough Stock events contestants must clear the front gate of the chute or be considered a turn-out.
- Office charge per rodeo will be \$21.00, plus \$3.00 judge's fee for each event entered. \$2.00 will go towards Finals Jacket for all qualified contestants and \$10.00 will go towards a Finals Sponsorship Fee.
- DRAWING OR TURNING OUT OF A RODEO
 - Said contestant must pay their fees and fine before they enter their next rodeo. This must be paid by 5:00 PM the Monday before entries are open for the next rodeo entered.
 - The Secretary can replace a contestant who has turned out, vet out or doctored out, but with the following stipulations:
 - Replacement done before stock draw.
 - Fees must be paid.
 - If late entrant is a timed eventer, they will go first in the order; EXCEPT in the WOMAN'S BARREL RACE, they will run last.
- TEAM ROPING TURNOUT REPLACEMENT OF PARTNER. Draw Out, Doctor Release, or Visible Injury Turn Out by a Partner. IF a team roper doctor releases, draws out or turns out with a visible injury prior to the first go-round in accordance with the regulations of these Official Rodeo Rules, the individual entered with him may draw out or may get another partner from among any of the CCPRA event contestants entered at the rodeo, except team roping contestants already scheduled to compete in the event. If a team roper notifies of a turn out prior to first go-round competition, in accordance with CCPRA turn-out procedures, the individual entered with him may select another partner from among any of the CCPRA event contestants already entered at the rodeo, except those scheduled to compete in the event, or that individual may draw out if and only if he is present at the rodeo and personally notifies the rodeo secretary prior to the cattle draw of first go-round competition.
 - FAILURE OF PARTNERS OF TWO SEPARATE TEAMS TO APPEAR AT THE RODEO. In the instance that a partner from each of two teams has turned out or drawn out of the rodeo due to a notified turn out, non-notified turn out, doctor's release or visible injury or illness, the remaining two team members may compete as a new team, provided that the remaining team members notify the arena secretary by the times specified below. IF either of the new team members' partner is a notified turn-out, a notified doctor release, or a notified visible injury or illness, then the new team members must notify the arena secretary that they will compete as a team prior to the stock draw for competition of the first original team. If neither of the new team members' partners is a notified turn out/doctor release, visible injury or

illness, then the new team members must notify the arena secretary that they will compete as a team prior to the time of competition in that rodeo of the first original team.

- NOTIFICATION TO ARENA SECRETARY if the arena secretary has been notified of a team roper's turn out, doctor release, or draw out, the partner must notify the arena secretary prior to the cattle draw of first go-round competition if he is drawing out or if he is replacing his partner and who his replacement partner will be. IF the secretary is not notified, the contestant will be subject to entry fee payment, will be disqualified from the team roping for that rodeo, and no cattle will be drawn.
- FAILURE OF A PARTNER TO NOTIFY OF A TURN OUT. If a team roper's partner fails to notify the proper officials of a turn out, and does not appear prior to first go-round competition, the individual entered with him may obtain another partner from among any CCPRA event contestants entered at the rodeo, except team ropers already scheduled to compete in the event, or he may draw out provided he is present at the rodeo and the draw out is approved by the judges of that rodeo.
- RESPONSIBILITY OF REPLACEMENT TEAM ROPER FOR ENTRY FEES. If an alternate team roping contestant is replacing a partner who has turned out (either notified or non-notified), that replacement will not be required to pay entry fees. If an alternate team roping contestant is replacing a partner who has doctor released or been officially drawn out, that replacement will be required to pay entry fees.
- REPLACEMENT OF TEAM ROPER IN SECOND OR SUB- SEQUENT GO- ROUNDS. If a team roper's partner is unable to compete in the second or subsequent go-round due to a visible injury or doctor release, the remaining partner may obtain a replacement partner among those contestants entered in that rodeo who are not already entered in the team roping, provided that the originally-entered team competed in the first go-round. This newly established team will not be eligible for the average payoff. Any money won in a go-round by the newly established team will not count as Championship Point. They will not be eligible for any All-Around awards, or sponsor bonuses. Only one replacement partner per rodeo will be allowed under this Rule. The replacement partner shall not be responsible for entry fees.
- RODEO HELP AND GROUND CONDITIONS: The stock contractors will be responsible for all help, including men loading and turning out stock for timed events. Stock contractors are liable for oversight of ground conditions and subject to fines if found to be negligent by the Board of Directors.

- **ARENA DIRECTORS/STARTING TIME:** Contestants must be on hand to answer the call of the Arena Director and must comply with all the rules of the Association and management to each particular contest or exhibition held under the auspices of the Association. When, in the opinion of the stock contractor sufficient number of contestants are present for an event, there will be no delay because of others who are not present providing it is not earlier than the advertised time.
- **CONTESTANTS NUMBERS:** When contestant numbers are furnished all participants must wear these numbers to enter the arena and to receive their stock. Anyone without a number may be excluded from the arena. Participants must wear their numbers in a conspicuous place visible to the judges and spectators. Distinctive and different numbers will be furnished by the CCPRA to contestants at the Finals according to money-won basis and must be worn at the Finals Rodeo. Barrel Racers and Breakaway numbers for Finals Rodeo will be separate from men contestants Finals numbers and will be issued according to standing just prior to Finals Rodeo.
- **ENTERING CCPRA. RODEOS AND ENTRY METHODS -** Entries will be taken online only and all entry fees must be paid by credit/debit card at the time of entry. In order for rodeo to be sanctioned and points to count, in taking entries in limited events, entries will be drawn. A contestant will be refunded if not drawn in the rodeo.
- **LATE ENTRIES:** No one can enter after entries are closed. Exception: when an event is not filled (filled to 5 per performance), stock contractor can make the decision to take late entries, (filling to 12 in each event) pending on stock availability. Any late entries (in unfilled event) will have to enter online by the Tuesday at 11:59PM before the first performance. At which time they will be assessed an additional \$25.00 fee, entry fees must be paid at the time of late entry online with a Debit/Credit card. All late entries will be first out in timed events, last out in barrel race.
 - ⊖ \$250.00 fine to the stock contractor if they take over 12 in an event including late entries. Late entries CANNOT be taken if there is slack in that event. Members cannot draw out or turn out of a rodeo and enter later as a late entry. No late entries at the Finals, no exceptions.
- All contestants must enter through the online system by the stated deadline. If stock contractor takes late entries to fill to 12 in each event, that late entry will be eligible for purse money if in good association standing. However, under no circumstances will year end championship points be awarded.

- **ENTRY FEES TIMED EVENTS:** Entry fees are set as follows: \$400.00 to \$749.00 added per event, \$80.00 Entry Fees; \$750.00 to \$2,000.00 added per event, \$95.00 Entry Fees; Over \$2,000.00 added per event, \$120.00 Entry Fees.
- **ENTRY FEES RIDING EVENTS:** Entry fees are set as follows: \$400.00 to \$749.00 added per event, \$90.00 Entry Fees; \$750.00 to \$2,000.00 added per event, \$105.00 Entry Fees; Over \$2,000.00 added per event, \$130.00 Entry Fees. Entry fees on 2 head will be $\frac{1}{2}$ of entry fees on 1 head and then added together. Example: \$80 fees become \$120 for 2 head.
- **EVENT MINIMUMS** - The entry of two or more contestants shall constitute a contest. At the committee's discretion contestants may be required to take two head if less than six (6) entries. Stock contractors must fill the performance to five before slack is created. Minimum limits in event: 5 entries minimum, up to 12 entries maximum for late entries, only if there is not slack in that event.
- **ENFORCEMENT OF RULES** - The board will expect cooperation of any member when called upon by one of the Association's officials to represent the Association's interest regarding enforcement of rules at any approved rodeo or in any matter of official business.
- **RIGHT OF APPEAL** - Anytime a decision is handed down by the Board of Directors, a right of appeal to the Board of Directors is available to the party or parties involved.
- **FINALS CONTESTANTS** - Any finals contestant must have a full CCPRA card.
- **POLICY ON RAIN DATES:** If the rain date is listed with the rest of that rodeo's listing, and it is to be used, the entry books stay as is. If rain date is not listed, but needed, contestants have a right to draw out and books must be reopened for draw outs or filling up of events. The date and time for reopening must be published for the membership to know which events are to be filled up. If postcards or other notices are to be mailed out specially, the committee will share cost of printing and mailing them.

MEMBERSHIP REQUIREMENTS & PRIVILEGES

- All contesting cowboys and cowgirls who participate in CCPRA approved rodeos must hold a valid CCPRA membership card or a card in the reciprocal or co-approved Association. All stock contractors and/or producers who produce or provide stock for any CCPRA approved rodeo must hold a valid CCPRA membership card or a card in reciprocal or co-approved Association. CCPRA membership card must be purchased through CCPRA office BEFORE entering a rodeo or you will be entered as a 'Permit' and your points will not count towards year end standings.
- Non CCPRA members who are not on Suspended or Delinquent list are allowed to work CCPRA approved rodeos as a permit holder. Permit entrants, not on the Suspended or Delinquent list are not required to join the CCPRA. When entries are limited CCPRA members have priority.
- **PERMIT HOLDERS:**
 - Permits may be purchased for \$30.00 and allows contestant to ride at the rodeo it was purchased for only. If a contestant on a permit wins \$500.00 or over in one event the rodeo secretary will automatically take out \$200.00 to go towards the contestants membership. The contestant will automatically become a member and money won from that rodeo will count towards the standings.
 - Any person who is not on the delinquent or ineligible list may work any rodeo by purchasing a \$30 permit. Payment must be made online at the time of entry with a Debit/Credit Card. Any Non CCPRA member that does not purchase a \$30 permit at the time of entry will be drawn out of the rodeo. Permit holders who are no shows or do not pay entries, etc., will be turned in to the CCPRA office and put on the Ineligible list until all fees and fines are paid.
 - Contract personnel including Announcers, Judges/Flaggers, Pick-Up Men, Bullfighters, Secretaries, Timers, Contract Acts, Photographers and Music Technicians must purchase a Contract Personnel membership card. If they do not have an active membership then they must buy a \$30.00 permit for every rodeo they work without a membership. Stock Contractors will be billed for any contract personnel that did not purchase a permit or have a membership. All Contract personnel must sign in with the secretary at the rodeo. Any contract personnel on a permit will not be eligible for finals until they purchase their membership.
- Any condition not here to fore stated, the stock contractor will contact the CCPRA. office for approval. Any violation of the foregoing rules will subject the member to a fine. The minimum fine for violation by member is set at \$50.00.

- Membership shall be open to any reliable person interested in performing in rodeos, contesting in rodeo events, or producing rodeos. All membership cards must be purchased through the CCPRA office. Any member entering a rodeo on an expired membership card, or any previous annual cardholder allowing anyone else to use his or her card, will be fined \$50.00 plus current dues. CCPRA members shall ALWAYS enter under their name as it appears on CCPRA membership card.

- GRAND ENTRY - All contestants with a horse are required to ride in grand entry. Infractions of this rule subjects' member to \$50.00 fine.

- DRESS CODE - Western hats, western boots, and collared long sleeved shirts must be worn in the arena by all contestants during all slack and performances and one-half hour prior to published starting time of performances. Those presenting an image detrimental to the sport of rodeo will be turned in to the Board of Directors. Members on the arena fence are considered in arena whether entered or not and must observe dress code. Violators of dress code may be turned in by any member or committee member to CCPRA office.

- In cases of dispute, the rodeo will proceed without delay under existing rules of the CCPRA and the matter of said dispute shall be settled by the Board of Directors.

- Any CCPRA member may be listed as an undesirable and suspended for persisting in any of the following offenses:
 - Writing bad checks.
 - Failure to pay hotel or motel bills.
 - Non-payment of entry fees.
 - Fighting in the arena.
 - Attempting to fix or bribe judges.
 - Entering the arena under the influence of alcohol or narcotics.
 - Failure to pay doctor or hospital charges for necessary services rendered as a result of injuries received at an approved rodeo.

- Stock contractors and/or producers may be suspended for any of the above membership offenses and in addition any of the following offenses:
 - Failure to pay added money as advertised.
 - Leaving any bad debts connected with the production of a CCPRA rodeo, in any town.
 - Breach of a bonafide contract involving CCPRA member (the CCPRA will honor and act only upon written contracts; Stock contractors, producers contract acts, etc. included).
 - Undesirable.

- Failure to abide by the CCPRA rule book.
- If a stock contractor and/or producer is suspended. No CCPRA member (including contract performers) shall be eligible to work any rodeo produced by said suspended stock contractor and/or producer. Violation of this rule will result in said member being fined any money won or salary paid at said rodeo, and possible suspension.
- If a rodeo committee has been notified by CCPRA office that stock contractor's rodeo will not count for points due to violation of rules or non-payment of fines, the Committee must inform contestants of same when entering.
- Any member passing a bad check or checks in a rodeo area will be fined, the maximum of which will be \$50.00, must write a letter of apology and make a check good for first offense; second offense member will be suspended and fined, the maximum of which will be \$100.00; third offense, member will be suspended and must appear before the Board of Directors for reinstatement AFTER the check or checks have been made good.
- Any member tampering with steers or calves or their order will be fined \$100.00.
- Any time a member's name appears on the Suspended List, they cannot act in any official capacity unless reconsidered and approved by the Board of Directors.
- All CCPRA. members shall read and know the prevailing rules of the CCPRA Rule Book. Failure to know rules will not be accepted as an excuse.
- Any contestant receiving overpayment of prize money is responsible to repay it; if repayment is not made within 30 days of notice, this person will then be put on the Ineligible list until the total amount is repaid.
- Members may be disqualified and fined \$100.00 for any of the following offenses within the arena or the rodeo city prior to final pay-off. The second offense may bring a \$250.00 fine with one year's probation. The third offense means permanent suspension.
 - Being under the influence of alcohol or narcotics.
 - Rowdyism or Quarreling in the Arena.
 - Harassing a CCPRA official, spectator or rodeo committee member: Engaging in, or attempting to engage in, any action threatening, arguing, berating, harassing, intimidating, assaulting or striking a rodeo official, a rodeo spectator, any official representative, rodeo committee member, employee of the CCPRA or any Member.
 - Mistreatment of stock.
 - Not being ready to compete when called upon.

- Cheating or attempting to cheat in any way.
 - Possession of alcoholic beverages or drugs within the rodeo arena and behind the chutes.
 - Putting a rodeo in jeopardy by contacting the Committee and/or interfering with the stock contractor's contract with the Committee.
 - Spur Causing Injury: \$100 first offense if animals are injured by spur rowel that is not satisfactory dulled and create injury, \$250 second offense. Spur rowels must have five or more points.
- AVERAGE - A contestant must compete on every head of stock drawn for him (in that event) in order to place in the average.
 - No shows in any event will be paid off on. They will be turned in to CCPRA office for repayment whether or not stock is used by an additional entry.
 - COMPANION PASSES - All contestants who pay entry fees shall be entitled to admittance for themselves and companion at committee's discretion of management. If no companion passes are to be issued, this information must be listed on the website.
 - Contestants shall be privileged to see the records of each event in which they take part at any time convenient for the secretaries and judges. Judges must be present at said inspection.
 - CCPRA Members cannot be fined for anything without it first being turned into the CCPRA office. If you are fined at a rodeo, you will be notified by phone, mail, or in person. Once notified, you must pay your fine first, and then you have 30 days to protest. If found not guilty, you will be refunded your fine amount.
 - Any contestant obstructing the entry way or causing congestion in the entry way to the arena during any event will be subject to a fine of \$50.00.
 - Any CCPRA member or contestant shall be responsible for his or her conduct to the CCPRA in any vicinity of the CCPRA sanctioned rodeo. Any CCPRA member or contestant can be placed on report by any other member of the Association for misconduct or violation of any rule in the current CCPRA rule book by phone or by letter to the CCPRA office. Any CCPRA member or contestant that is accused of a violation will be notified in writing of the charge and will be notified of a hearing before the Board of Directors for the purpose of answering the charge. At the time the accused is notified of the charges he or she will be advised of the time and place and the amount of the fine for the alleged offense. If the accused does not appear for the hearing, and has not paid the fine by this time, he or she will be placed on the current suspended list. The accused will have the right upon reasonable grounds to

request that the date and place of hearing be other than that specified in the notice to appear. All misconduct reports will be disposed of at the next regularly scheduled Board of Directors meeting. The reported individual will have the right to appear before or be represented before the Board of Directors to contest any action pertaining to his misconduct report.

- Any person, rodeo contesting cowboy, contract performer, secretary, stock contractor or committee who or which has been suspended from or deemed ineligible for, membership in any rodeo cowboys association for rule violations which if committed under the CCPRA rules would be grounds for suspension from CCPRA or ineligibility for membership in C.C.P.R.A may be suspended from membership or deemed ineligible for membership in CCPRA by the Board of Directors after a hearing of charges:
 - In the case of CCPRA member the notice and hearing shall be as provided in page #
 - In the case of a non-CCPRA member notice and hearing shall be as soon as is reasonably possible upon request in writing of the non- CCPRA member.
 - All submitted rule proposals are to be signed by CCPRA member and include card number.
 - Members of each event will vote only for their specific event, i.e. barrel racers only vote for Barrel Race Director.

POINT AWARDS

- CCPRA members will receive one point for every dollar won (includes short go and co-approved money won). Points will be awarded for “Ground Money” or bull riding day monies for each individuals event’s standings.
- Prize money is defined as added money and entry fees totaled.
- All points to any member will be totaled for the year to determine the champion.
- The collective points awarded to any contestant will be used to determine the all-around champion cowboy; however, he must qualify by contesting in at least two of the eight major events, if team roping is go twice, points will only count once per man for the all-around by highest placing. Any points awarded for "Ground Money" will not count towards all-around champion standings.
- All Around Determination: If no contestant in two or more events wins any money, the all-around will be awarded to the contestant winning the most in a single event.
- The CCPRA will be responsible for all trophies awarded on the annual CCPRA point system. Points are to be counted from the rodeo following the Finals Rodeo or beginning of designated season, and to include the Finals Rodeo for that season. Those who have accumulated the most points in each event and for the all-around will be the champions.
- Any person who receives a title or award must be a current member in good standing for the year applicable to said title or award.
- There will be no points awarded to PERMIT HOLDERS UNLESS they win \$500.00 in one event at a rodeo then they will have their membership taken out of their winnings and their money will count.

JUDGES AND JUDGING METHODS

- In order for Judges & Flaggers to be approved they must take a written open-book exam approved by the Board of Directors. Contestants, upon entering a CCPRA. rodeo, will pay \$3.00 per event to be added to judges regular salary to be divided in four equal parts: two parts for Riding events judge; two parts to Timed events judge. Judges pay to increase to minimum wage per judge and per flagger should be \$30.00 per performance/slack (\$60.00 each if he both judges and flags per performance), plus 1/4 of contestants' \$3.00.

ROUGH STOCK:

- To qualify, rider must have spurs over the break of the shoulder and touching horse when horse's front feet hits ground first jump out of the chute.
- Timers to start watch when front feet touch ground at imaginary line on initial move out of chutes. Judges to carry a watch in all rough stock events.
- If the horse stalls coming out of the chute, either judge may tell rider to take his feet out of the horse's neck and first-jump qualifications will then be waived. (Free Roll)
- If in the opinion of judges, a rider is fouled at the gate, at the discretion of the judges a re-ride may be given. Contestants must declare himself immediately to get a re-ride equally in slack or performance.
- If within the eight second ride, stock goes down to the point where the contestant can place 1 foot on the ground, contestant has one jump to declare himself for a re-ride.
- Contestants may pull riggings, cinch saddle, and pull ropes from either side in all riding events. The middle flank belongs to bronc rider.
- Judges' markings are to be announced publicly after each contestant's ride, if possible.
- Judges' markings are to be from 1 to 25 on rider and 1 to 25 on animal, full spread to be used. The rider and animal shall be marked separately, marking the rider according to how much rider spurs the animal and the animal according to its performance. Judges must score animal even if contestant bucks off.
- The judge's decision on re-rides shall be in accordance with rules set forth in each individual event.
- Judges/Secretary must record the re-ride on the judges' sheets.

- Stopwatch must be used by Judge on open side of gate in all riding events.
- If an animal that is drawn in a riding event or is drawn in a pen in a timed event becomes sick or crippled before it is out that time, a judge must pass on the animal's inability to be used before it can be shipped or replaced in the draw.
- Barrier judge shall keep a record of the length of the trip rope each performance to assure the same start for contestants each performance. Adjusting length of barrier trip rope will be accomplished by tying knots in the rope on either end. A ten second penalty will be added for breaking or beating barrier, and only assessed by barrier judge. In all timed events, a barrier will not be considered broken unless the ring drops within ten feet of the post. Barrier equipment must be inspected by the judge before each timed event, if equipment is faulty, it must be replaced.
- FIELD FLAGGER: In any timed event if animal escapes from the arena, flag will be dropped, and watches stopped. Contestants will get the animal back with lap and tap start, and time already spent will be added on to time used in qualifying. If time is not recorded, he will be assessed 10 seconds for the first loop thrown, and five seconds for each additional loop thrown.
- If rope is on animal, roper will get animal lap and tap with rope on it in chute.
- A field flag judge must ask contestants if they want a second loop or jump. Once a man has been flagged out, he will receive no stock back.
- Neither timers, barrier judge, field flag judge, nor riding judge may be changed during the course of a rodeo except in the case of sickness or by request of an Association official in agreement with stock contractor and rodeo committee.
- The decisions of any judges, flagmen, or timers will be final and no protests by contestants will be permitted.
- No contestant may talk to a judge or timer in any way while an event is going on. Questions may be addressed to the judge no sooner than at the end of the event for that performance. Any contestant violating this regulation will be reported to the Association office by the judges or the rodeo where the violation occurs. Violators will be fined \$50.00 and/or disqualified.
- During any performance if an animal in timed events escapes the chutes or pens before it is called by contestants, that animal will be returned by the arena director and the labor crew during, or at the end of that performance in the same manner he was originally worked or brought to the pens for contesting. At least several head of animals will be brought back together. No animal may be repenned by himself. Decision will be made by arena director about when stock is repenned.

- Any judge failing to comply with these rules will be declared ineligible.
- Judges' decisions are final if in accordance with CCPRA rules.
- In all cases of dispute, the rodeo will proceed without delay under existing rules of the CCPRA and the matter of said dispute shall be settled by the Board of Directors.
- PRCA judges that are current on PRCA judge seminars can judge any CCPRA rodeo and must purchase day insurance or CCPRA judges must become a current year member after judging two CCPRA rodeos. If a PRCA or CCPRA judge is not available, a responsible CCPRA member may judge ONE rodeo. A judge who is entered in the rodeo in which he is judging, may not flag his own event. A list of approved judges and flaggers will be reviewed for reissuance each January by the Board of Directors. Members not approved to flag the field is not approved to judge the barrier. Any CCPRA member judging may be declared ineligible to judge for cause by the Board of Directors.
- Judges must total their own scoresheet and remain with arena secretary until complete payoff is announced. Changes in scores must be initialed by the judge making the adjustment.
- All judges will know and understand all rules governing rodeo (as set forth in the CCPRA rule book and any valid ground rules enacted) and shall be responsible for enforcing and upholding same. All decisions shall be left to the discretion of the judges unless in violation of the Association's rule book.
- When Judges' vests are furnished, judges are responsible for the care and maintenance and shall wear them during all paid performances of the rodeo at which they judge.
- Any member accepting a judging position must remain available to the town where rodeo is being held, that he has agreed to judge, from the time the rodeo starts until it has been concluded.
- It is suggested that if some error or question arises during the event, that the announcer be advised to announce that there may be a re-ride or re-run. This should be announced immediately.
- Judges must check timed event cattle before all draws, determine if any stock is not healthy.

- There will be a Field Flagger and a Field Judge in the Girls Barrel Racing event. Timing shall begin as soon as the horse's nose reaches the starting line and shall be stopped when the horse's nose passes the finish line. The flagman shall not be mounted and must stand at a designated point for entire go round. The FIELD FLAGGER will take his position on the starting line and for NO reason shall he move from his mark from the time the first contestant starts her run, until the time the last contestant finishes her run in that section. The FIELD JUDGE will see to it that all contestants run the proper course, it will also be his duty to pick up and properly place, on the marker, any knocked over barrel, pick up hats, etc. Barrels must be set up square with arena if possible.
- If electric eye is used, backup flagger must stand behind eye, and timer is to be in usual position in timing stand. One timer will record the time that appears on the electric eye controlled readout. The second timer will operate the backup manual clock or stopwatch and will record the time which is shown thereon. She will operate from the flagman's signals and record the time on the watch. If malfunction occurs with the eye, girl is to be given time on hand watch. If hand watch time is used, then time will go to the tenths with no hundredths used. If there are more than half malfunctions of the electric eye during a performance, hand time will be used on all runs and there will be no re-runs. Time limit for adjusting eye will be at judge's discretion.
- Riding Judge's sheets will be posted to the CCPRA web page.
- Judges are required to carry CCPRA rule book when judging.

DRAWING OF LIVESTOCK

Order of events to be posted with draw sheets.

- **ROUGH STOCK** - All stock for contestants in riding events must be drawn by number with one number to be drawn for each contestant. This must be done by one of the hired Judges or an Event Director. There must always be as many as four exact copies made of the draw, one to be posted, one copy for each judge and one or more copies for the secretary's records. The receptacle containing numbers to be drawn must be held above the drawing member's head and numbers shaken between each number draw. Drawing must be conducted so that any entrant may witness the draw. In all riding events, a complete performance must be drawn at one time.
- In any final ride, contestants may draw their own animals in the presence of judges, if management desires.
- **RE-RIDES** - Pens selected by stock contractor. Stock Contractors shall submit one more animal per performance than needed for competition. A single animal will be drawn from each pen and will be considered the "re-ride" for that performance. Stock contractor may indicate three featured animals to be held out of re-ride draw. After the re-ride for a given performance has been drawn, featured animals will be returned for regular draw. The first drawn re-ride will be held out along with the featured animals for the 2nd performance.
 - The re-ride animal drawn will be the first animal used in case of a crippled animal or an animal not shipped or in the event of contestant being awarded a re-ride. Any re-rides needed thereafter will be drawn from "turn outs" or "doctor outs" for that performance providing they have not been mounted.
 - If more re-rides are awarded than there are animals in that performance or slack re-ride draw, the remaining contestants who have not received a re-ride animal, stock contractor shall state stock drawn from, draw must be from at least five animals.
- **TIMED & RIDING EVENTS** - Stock in timed events must be drawn by judge & secretary not more than two hours before the performance.
- All available animals for timed events will be drawn at one time; all remaining contestants on list will have stock drawn for them after first draw is run.

- The judge will draw an animal for each contestant scheduled to compete at that performance. The animal remaining will be considered the “extra”. If only one animal (includes extra) remains to complete a run on the cattle, the next person scheduled for competition in the next slack or performance will automatically be paired with that animal. The cattle remaining (not drawn) at the end of the 1st go-round are to be used for the contestants in the next performance or slack.
- All cattle must be run once before any are run a second time; the second run of the cattle must be completed before any are run a third time; etc. When an animal is taken out of the draw after the first draw; make sure that animal number is removed from the draw box.
- No pens of cattle may be drawn for more than one day in advance.
- In case stock is sick, crippled or already shipped, replacement will be drawn from re-ride animals.
- No contestant may compete on the same head of stock twice at any rodeo in the same event, except in the finals of that event, such as Saddle Bronc Riding.
- STOCK DRAWN ONE RUN AND ONE GO-ROUND AT A TIME. Stock shall be drawn one run and one go-round at a time. All cattle in the herd will be run one time before any cattle will be run twice, etc., except for a back-to-back performance rodeo. When this procedure becomes impossible due to a split performance, the draw will include remaining cattle that have been competed on the least number of times. Immediately after a split performance, the draw will then revert to the cattle that have been competed on the least number of times. Any animal drawn, will be considered competed on. Extras may be added only if competed on an equal number of times at that rodeo, unless otherwise approved by the Event Representative.
- Non-notified turn outs will not be filled in any event.
- Stock contractors must provide one extra animal to the draw in the timed events.
Fine: \$50 per head.

MISDRAWN OR INJURED STOCK

- **MISDRAW DEFINED-** Any animal drawn to a contestant which must be replaced will be considered a misdraw.
- **HERD DEFINED-** In the timed events, herd shall be defined as those animals designated prior to the start of the first go-round to be used in a given event. Once a herd has been established for a rodeo, no animals may be added to the herd.
- **EXTRA DEFINED-** In the timed events, if pens are drawn from the pre-designated herd, at least one more animal than the number of contestants should be drawn to be used in the case of a misdraw. Following the cattle draw, that animal (or animals) remaining shall be considered the extra(s). In case the extra(s) are not used for that given performance or section of slack, said extra shall be placed with those animals not already included in a competition draw or a pen draw, unless the subsequent pen ends the run on the cattle.
- **MISDRAW DISCOVERED PRIOR TO A PERFORMANCE OR DURING SLACK-** In case of a misdraw discovered prior to a performance, or any time during the slack:
 - If one or more extras are available, all animals not competed on below the misdraw up to the end of the run on the cattle shall be eligible to be drawn. One animal is drawn, that being the animal assigned to the contestant with the misdraw. The contestant who originally had that animal will be assigned the extra. All other contestants will be assigned the animals originally drawn for them.
 - If no extras are available, all unused animals below the misdraw up to the end of the run on the cattle shall be eligible to be drawn, with the last unused animal drawn in that run designated the extra.
- **MISDRAW DISCOVERED AFTER THE START OF A PERFORMANCE-** In case a misdraw is discovered after the start of a paid performance:
 - If an extra is available, the contestant involved will automatically be assigned the extra, regardless of a possible difference in runs on the cattle.
 - If no extras are available, the contestant involved will not compete as scheduled, but shall compete later in the performance or immediately after. A replacement animal will be drawn from all animals left in the run. If a contestant is scheduled at the end of a run and no animals are available from that run, one will be drawn from the herd.

RULES TO ENSURE HUMANE TREATMENT OF LIVESTOCK

- No locked rowels, rowels that will lock on spurs, or sharpened spurs, may be used on bareback or saddle bronc horses.
- No wooden paddles. Straps are permissible.
- A neck rope must be used. If horse stops and calf hits the end of rope in such a manner that calf busts himself, roper will not be responsible. Contestants must adjust rope and reins in such a manner that will prevent horse from dragging calf. Rope to be removed from calf's body as soon as possible after "tie" is completed. Any calves intentionally jerked down shall result in disqualification and \$250 fine. Any calves unintentionally jerked down shall result in disqualification. "Jerk down" shall be defined as straight over backwards, with animal landing on his back or head with all four feet in the air. All decisions of the judges are final.
- The placing of fingers or any foreign substance in the eyes, nose, or lips of stock is forbidden and subject to fine.
- Animals for all events will be inspected by the Director or the majority of contestants present in that event before the draw, and no sore, lame, sick, or injured animal or animals with defective eyesight will be permitted in the draw at any time. Should an animal become sick or be injured between the time it is drawn and the time it is scheduled to be used in competition, that animal shall not be used in competition and another animal will be drawn for the contestant as provided in the rule book. An official Veterinarian should be available at all events.
- No animal shall be beaten, mutilated, or cruelly prodded. Standard electric prods shall be used as little as possible and shall be used only on the animal's hip, rump, or shoulder. A contestant has the right to request that the animal not be hotshotted out. If this right is exercised, and the animal fails to perform, a re-ride will not be awarded.
- A conveyance must be available to remove animals from the arena in case of injury.
- No sharp or cutting objects in cinch, saddle, girth, or flank straps shall be permitted. Only sheepskin-lined flanking straps shall be used on bucking stock and shall be the quick-release type.

- No “loose ropes” allowed in bareback riding.
- No stimulants or hypnotics to be used or given to any animals used for contest purposes.
- Chutes must be so constructed as to prevent injury to stock. The arena shall be free of rocks, holes, and obstacles.
- Clowns are not to abuse stock in any manner or fashion.
- No small animals or pets are allowed in the arena where restraint is necessary or subject to injury or attack by another animal.
- Livestock to be removed from arena after completion of entry in contest.
- Use of fireworks to frighten animals is prohibited.
- Contestant will be disqualified for any mistreatment of livestock.
- No stock should be confined in vehicles beyond a period 28 hours without being unloaded, properly fed and watered, provided that when animals are carried in conveyances in which they do have proper food, water, space, and opportunity to rest, the provision for unloading shall not apply.
- If a horse unintentionally drags a calf five feet but less than ten feet, the fine shall be \$50.00. If a horse unintentionally drags a calf ten feet or more, the fine shall be \$100.00. Intentionally dragging a calf, regardless of distance, shall result in a \$250.00 fine for each offense, plus disqualification. Intentional shall be defined as caused by contestant.

TIMED EVENTS

- The animal in timed events is to be flagged when crossing the line in front of the flagman. A field flag judge must ask the contestant if a second loop or jump is desired. If a calf roper desires two loops, he must carry two.
- Flag judges shall be sure that no one stands close enough to the barrier equipment to tamper with it. Any judge failing to comply with these instructions will be declared ineligible.
- In all timed events, stock shall be drawn for two hours before each performance, a list shall be posted one hour before the first performance. There shall be no closed drawing being held.
- All available animals for timed events will be drawn on time, all remaining contestants on list will have stock drawn for them after first draw is run.
- The judge will draw an animal for each contestant scheduled to compete at that performance. The animal remaining will be considered the “extra”. If only one animal (includes extra) remains to complete a run on the cattle, the next person scheduled for competition in the next slack or performance will automatically be paired with that animal. The cattle remaining (not drawn) at the end of the 1st go-round are to be used for the contestants in the next performance or slack.
- All cattle must be run once before any are run a second time; the second run of the cattle must be completed before any are run a third time; etc. When an animal is taken out of the draw after the first draw; make sure that animal number is removed from the draw box.
- No pens of cattle may be drawn for more than one day in advance.
- In case stock is sick, crippled or already shipped, replacement will be drawn from re-ride animals.
- No contestant may compete on the same head of stock twice at any rodeo in the same event, except in the finals of that event, such as Saddle Bronc Riding.
- Positions shall be drawn for in all timed events.
- No circling of horses in arena during a performance or slack.
- All contestants shall have the privilege of having someone push stock out. This person can go no farther than the score line.

- When a rodeo has two head and a finals in timed events, event Director has right to try to even stock up for finals, or short go.
- All timed event cattle must be run through the arena prior to the first performance at all rodeos otherwise the stock contractor will be subject to a fine.
- In the calf roping and steer wrestling events; Steers added to the herd must be thrown down three times before first performance or slack. This is the responsibility of contestants. All calves must be pre-conditioned. "Pre-conditioned" means calves must be roped and tied two times prior to the rodeo.
- No scoring horses during performance or slack time – \$50.00 fine first offense, double thereafter.
- Recoiled or Rebuilt Rope- In roping events, a dropped rope that must be recoiled and/or rebuilt shall be considered a thrown rope.
- Interference by Arena Personnel- If any arena personnel (pickup men, clowns, announcers, etc.) interfere with a timed-event competition, the contestant may, at the discretion of the judge, receive a re-run providing he has made a qualified run up to the point of interference and contestant declares himself at time of interference.
- For all timed events, stock contractors must supply box pads.
- TIMED EVENT RULE- If a timed event person is not ready in 90 seconds, the judge may issue a \$50.00 fine.
- TIMED EVENTS- The calf roping, steer wrestling, breakaway, and team roping will be timed in the nearest 10th. Electronic timers may only be used in the Girl's Barrel Racing. Five second watches are not legal. There are to be two people timing timed events, and two watches of the same type must be used. Time to be split between the two timers; in case of one-tenth difference, contestant will be given lowest time. If the judge allows calves to be lined, it is his responsibility to have all calves lined. Anyone turned in by the line judge for violation of lining rules may be fined \$50.00. Judges not enforcing lining rules will be taken off the judging list. Any time more than three horses are available, no back-to-back runs on the same horse will be allowed. In the calf roping, team roping, breakaway, and steer wrestling; chute gate is to remain open after the contestant calls for stock. Under no circumstances should the chute gate be closed after contestant calls for stock, once a contestant calls for stock it is theirs.

- Timed event directors have the right to eliminate uneven stock. Fine for each offense will be \$100.00 to stock contractor. Timed event director must contact stock contractor within 48 hours of the last performance. Fine for each - \$100.00.
- Stock Contractors must notify timed event directors of any subcontractor or livestock within 24 hours after entries close.
- Timed event directors and/or the judges have the right to eliminate uneven stock. Must be done before the first draw.

ORDER OF COMPETITION

- At the first performance position will be drawn for.
- The first performance list will be reversed for the second performance.
- If a short go is held, the final performance will go in order of ranking (high man last, etc.) except in cases of re-rides, re-runs, or unexpected delay.
- Girls Barrel Racing must be run after timed events or ground must be worked after Girls Barrel Racing.
- Rescheduling- Only that performance or section of slack which had to be postponed will be rescheduled. Such postponed performance will be rescheduled before the start of the subsequent go-round.
- Timed Events- First three positions at the beginning of the first run on the cattle cannot be split. Splits thereafter are only allowed if back-to-back runs on the same horse. Splits must be done before the performance begins. The judge or secretary will supervise position changes (splitting of horses) after the draw of the cattle, moving the first man not riding the horse up to the position to be split.
- Slack order to be posted at all rodeos and on CCPRA website.
- If a contestant notifies the official they are late, animal can only be held to the end of the run that the animal was drawn in. No animal brought back if turned out of the chute.

BARRIER

- A barrier shall always be used in calf roping, team roping, steer wrestling, and breakaway.
- A barrier should be constructed out of strong enough equipment to last the entire rodeo performance so that there will be no changes in equipment after performance starts.
- The recommended height of the barrier is 32 to 36 inches and measured at the middle of the box.
- The score line should be taped at the start of the first performance so that it will be put back in the exact spot to finish the go-round.
- In timed events no one shall be in the box with the contestant unless contestant asks for help. No feet, hands, or legs shall be allowed to hang over the fence in the box. Violators may be fined.
- Only string or metal devices of approved type that will be non-injurious are to be used on automatic barriers.
- All barriers will be side pull only. NO OVERHEAD BARRIERS.
- Team Roping Score - finals length of the score shall be the length of the box minus 2 feet.
- Barrier judge shall keep a record of the length of the trip rope each performance to assure the same start for contestants each performance. Adjusting length of barrier trip rope will be accomplished by tying knots in the rope on either end. A ten second penalty will be added for breaking or beating barrier, and only assessed by barrier judge. In all timed events, a barrier will not be considered broken unless the ring drops within ten feet of the post. Barrier equipment must be inspected by the judge before each timed event. If equipment is faulty, it must be replaced.
- Contestant is fouled by Neck Rope or Barrier Rope- If, in the opinion of the barrier judge, a contestant is fouled by the neck rope or barrier rope, the contestant shall be entitled to a rerun on his original stock, provided that contestant declares immediately or if contestant is obviously fouled during delivery in rope box. Judge's decision is final. If the contestant breaks the barrier, he will get the same animal with 10 seconds assessed. The barrier flag must operate in order for time to be

considered official. No reruns in the timed events unless fouled by the barrier rope or neck rope.

- Barrier Fails- If the barrier fails to work but the flag operates correctly and time is recorded, contestant or team will receive that time. A barrier penalty will be waived unless the barrier is obviously beaten by the contestant.
 - If the official time has not started, the contestant or team will receive stock which contestant originally drew if contestant has qualified on that stock. If the barrier was obviously beaten the barrier penalty will be applied to the run.
 - If the barrier neck rope hangs on the animal and the contestant tries the animal, he accepts the animal. If the contestant pulls up, he will receive the same animal back.
- In the timed events, if an animal fails to break the neck rope, that animal should be considered a sulking animal and replaced using the extra. If an extra is not available, draw from the set pen for the performance or slack. Animal to be competed at end of performance or slack. Reruns will be given at the discretion of the judge.
- In the timed events, if in the opinion of the line judge, the animal falls before it crosses the score line, the contestants shall be entitled to a rerun on the original stock, provided that the contestants declare immediately. There will be no penalty added to the rerun if, in the opinion of the judge, the contestants did not deliberately beat the barrier and if the contestants declare immediately.

ANNOUNCERS

- It shall be a violation of the rules for an announcer to deliberately misrepresent any contest action.
- Times and markings shall be announced in all events at all times during the contest whether before, during, or after the paid performance.
- Announcer shall not comment on arena competition (disqualification, score, re-ride, etc.) until after judges or flagmen have made their decision.

RE-RIDES

- Re-rides will only be given when:
 - Animal fails to perform.
 - Animal stops.
 - Animal fouls rider.
 - Failure of contractor's equipment.
 - Fouled by pick-up man.
 - The contestant declares himself immediately.

Note: Contestants shall not influence the judges by arguing for re-ride at any time.

- The rider has the privilege of taking the same animal back providing the stock contractor is willing; or rider may have a re-ride drawn. Rider must get that animal back if stock contractor's equipment fails or has privilege of taking the marking. If the contestant requests the same horse back, he must take his score.
- If an animal that is drawn for a re-ride is already drawn for another contestant in the same go-round, the contestant with the animal drawn will take it before the man who draws it for a re-ride.
- If in the opinion of the judges and stock contractor a rider makes two honest efforts to get out on a chute fighting animal and is unable to do so, he may have a re-ride drawn for him.
- When a final head is to be ridden in riding events at least two additional head of stock will be available for re-rides.
- If a qualified ride is made by a contestant and the animal is marked by either judge or both judges, at six or under, then contestant shall be eligible for a re-ride.
- If a contestant's equipment comes off or breaks it will be his own responsibility and no re-ride will be given.
- Any contestant being marked on one head of stock in any event will not receive any of his money back because of injuries or any other reason.
- If by his own admission, the flank man did not flank the animal properly, contestant may have a re-ride.
- If a riding event animal stops after an initial start, and any outside help is used to start it again, contestant will not be required to qualify in order to be awarded a re-ride.
- If any arena personnel (pick-up men, clowns, announcers, etc.) come in contact with a bucking horse before the qualified time has elapsed, contestant will be given a marking with an option of a re-ride, providing the contestant made a qualifying ride up to the point of the infraction.

PAY OFF

Immediately after completion of rodeo, secretary shall make payment to winning contestants by check as follows-

- On one head of stock added money and entry fees are to be totaled, less 6% to CCPRA and paid as follows:

NOTE: This is the standard pay off for ALL events except Girls Barrel Racing.

- Riding Payoff:
 - Total Purse \$000-\$4000.00, 4 monies, 40%, 30%, 20%, 10%.
 - Total Purse Over \$4001.00, 6 monies, 33%, 25%, 18%, 12%, 7%, 5%.
- Timed Payoff:
 - Total Purse \$000-\$1500.00, 3 monies, 50%, 30%, 20%.
 - Total Purse \$1501.00-2800.00, 4 monies. 1st place pays at least \$600.
40%, 30%, 20%, 10%
 - Total Purse \$2801.00-4400.00, 6 monies. 1st place pays at least \$800.
29%, 24%, 19%, 14%, 9%, 5%.
 - Total Purse Over \$4401.00, 8 monies 1st place pays at least \$1000.00.
23%, 20%, 17%, 14%, 11%, 8%, 5%, 2%.
- In Girls Barrel Racing, 6% to be deducted from the total purse. To pay monies at one go round rodeo, when the total payoff is:
 - Total Purse \$0 - \$500.00, 2 monies, 60%, 40%
 - Total Purse \$500.01 - \$1500.00, 4 monies, 40%, 30%, 20%, 10%
 - Total Purse \$1500.01-\$2500.00, 6 monies,
29%, 24%, 19%, 14%, 11%, 8%, 5%, 2%
 - Total Purse \$2500.01 - \$4000.00 8 monies,
23%, 20%, 17%, 14%, 11%, 8%, 5%, 2%
 - Total Purse \$4000.01 or more 10 monies,
21%, 18%, 15%, 13%, 10%, 8%, 6%, 4%, 3%, 2%
- All two go-around rodeos will pay four (4) monies and four (4) monies in the average. Split: 40-30-20-10.
- AVERAGES - Finals Rodeo Average is not progressive.
 - A contestant must compete on every head of stock drawn for him in that event in order to place in the average.
 - When two or more head of stock are given, an average must be paid. Two head; averages shall pay the same amount of money as day money. Three head; averages shall pay one and one-half the amount of the money paid as day money. Three head payoff divide by 9, times 2 equals each go for payoff, times 3 for average payoff. Four or more head; averages shall pay double the day money.

- Payoff in the average- When there is a finals, all markings and/or times will be included for purposes of determining the average.
- Average placing's shall be determined by the highest total score or the fastest total time. When enough contestants do not receive a score or time on all stock drawn for them equal to the number of places to be paid, revert to those contestants not already placing in the average who have competed in every go-round and who have the highest total score, or the fastest total time, on one less head of livestock than the number of go-rounds. This process shall be repeated until the number of contestants eligible for the payoff equals the number of average placing's. If a contestant competes in all go-rounds but fails to receive a score or time in one go-round, he shall not be eligible for the payoff in the average, unless no contestant has received a score or time, in which case the money shall be sent to the CCPRA.
- Finals Go Round: At rodeos with a finals, money to be held for the final go-round will be \$25.00 times the number of contestants. This constitutes a short go-round and will also count for the average. Payoff distribution for a short go-round will be four places, 40%, 30%, 20%, 10%.
- GROUND SPLITS: If not enough contestants qualify for the number of places to be paid in any event, the remaining places shall be divided evenly amongst those contestants who did qualify, but that money shall be considered ground money. If no one qualifies all money goes back to CCPRA.
- Winning checks not picked up at rodeo will be sent to CCPRA office with rodeo results.
- Rodeo secretary will list score and times on result sheets. Rodeo results and unpaid fees shall be sent to the CCPRA office by noon the following Monday of the last performance or by noon following the date of the last performance. All original rodeo results and other reports required to be submitted by the arena secretary to the CCPRA must be postmarked no later than three days from the date of the last performance. Failure to abide shall result in a \$50.00 fine.
- The CCPRA office will continue the policy of correcting rodeo payoffs for the rodeo secretaries if notified within 30 days of the end of the rodeo. After that time, points only will be corrected until Finals Rodeo entry date.
- Anyone receiving overpayment of prize money is responsible to repay it, if repayment is not made within 30 days of notice, this person will then be unable to compete until the total amount is repaid.

STOCK CONTRACTOR & RODEO LIVESTOCK

- All livestock must be legibly numbered without duplication. Timed event stock may only be numbered numerically without duplication. If numbers are blurred or haired over, they must be clipped or renumbered so as to be readable at all times. Legible numbers means brands or ear tags, no paint on timed event stock. All team roping steers must be branded on the right side or the right horn. All steer wrestling steers must be branded on the left side or the left horn. Ear tag number or sale tag number of leased steers must be approved by event directors one week before competition. No double numbered steers allowed without event director approval.
- All steer wrestling steers shall have horns tipped no smaller than the size of a dime. Stock Contractors will cooperate in the tipping of the horns before the animal is competed on. If the stock contractor fails to comply with these rules, he will be fined \$100.
- Any stock declared by the CCPRA as unsatisfactory will be brought to the attention of the stock contractor. When the animal's number is turned in to the stock contractor as unfit, a written record shall be sent to CCPRA office and is immediately removed from draw.
- Stock contractors will be expected to cooperate in trimming the horns of steers that are not able to pass through the chute.
- No team roping steers in the steer wrestling and no steer wrestling steers in the team roping, without approval of both Team Roping and Steer Wrestling Directors or a fine of \$100 per offense will be assessed to the Stock Contractor.
- If an animal is shipped from a rodeo after it has been drawn in a riding event but before it has been ridden or it has been drawn in a pen in a timed event, but before it has been out that time, the stock contractor will be subject to a \$50 fine.
- Only calves and steers that are available for use for the first go-round will be used for any go-rounds following first go-round.
- Weight for Calf Roping Calves- 150 pounds minimum, 260 pound maximum. All calves should be of the same breed and crossbreeds must be of the same cross. If there is any deviation from this, it must be approved by the Calf Roping Director. All calves must be pre-conditioned. "Pre-conditioned" means calves must be roped and tied two times prior to rodeo. If any calves are not pre-conditioned the Stock contractor is subject to a \$100 fine per rodeo.

- No animal shall be hot-shotted or whipped while being competed on in the rodeo arena. Animal should not be hot-shotted in chute before gate is open while cowboy is on stock's back.
- All stock contractors will furnish all barrier equipment.
- Stock to be put up for Bucking Stock of the Year must be in the draw at the Finals Rodeo unless excused by the Board of Directors because of verified injury.
- Stock for Finals Rodeo must be submitted to Finals Rodeo Committee for approval.
- The CCPRA prohibits Stock Contractors to charge an additional stock charge, to standard entry fees, to contestants.
- All timed event animals cannot be run more than twice in one day. Exception: In the roping events, the stock contractor can supply 1/3 enough cattle if over 40 entries on a 1-day rodeo and over 50 entries on a 2-day rodeo. Breakaway calves can be used unlimited times.
- Timed event livestock must be hot iron number branded with exception of the calf roping and breakaway calves – they can be ear tagged with permanent numbers or branded at the discrepancy of stock contractors.
- Steer Wrestling & Team Roping cattle must be all of the same breed.
- Stock contractors must provide one extra animal to the draw in the timed events.
Fine: \$100 per head.
- The fine for any rule infraction for the first offense is \$100.00, second offense will be \$500.00, third offense you will be prohibited from bringing any stock to the CCPRA Finals, fourth offense you will be suspended from the CCPRA.

RODEO EVENT RULES

- There will be two classifications of cards for contestants. All contesting members are issued cards with “W” following number. Those Bull Rider contestants who were in the top 5 of the previous season will have a “WA” following the number and will have guaranteed entry at 1 day rodeos and those who were in the top 10 of the previous season will have a “WB” following the number and will have guaranteed entry at 2 day rodeos. NOTE: WA & WB does not guarantee preference of when you want up. This rule applies to limited rodeo events. Taking outs will void your guaranteed entry.
- The number of contestants in the performance will be at least five in all events. Entries will be drawn evenly over performances and slack until performances are filled to 5; remainder entries to slack.
- Catch pen gate will be closed for all events.

SADDLE BRONC RIDING

- Timers to start watch when inside shoulder clears point of the chute. Judges to carry a watch in all rough stock events.
- Horses to be furnished by the stock contractor ~~re-ride~~. Riding to be done with plain halter, one rope-rein, and saddle. The contestant is to provide his own halter, saddle, and rein. Saddle to follow specifications listed below under 'Saddle Specifications'.
- Standard halter must be used unless agreement is made by both contestant and stock contractor.
- Riding rein and hand must be on the same side. Hack rein to be attached to halter or throat latch with permission of stock contractor. Horses to be saddled in chute. Rider may cinch his own saddle. Saddles shall not be set too far ahead of horse's withers. Either stock contractor or contestant has the right to call the judges to pass on whether or not horse is properly saddled and flanked to buck its best. The middle flank belongs to the rider, but the contractor may have the rider put flank behind curve of horse's belly. Flank cinch may be hobbled. To qualify, the rider must have spurs over the break of the shoulders and touching the horse when horse's front feet hit the ground first jump out of chute. Saddle bronc riding shall be timed for 8 seconds.
- If in the opinion of the judges, a saddle bronc deliberately throws himself, the contestant shall have the choice of that horse or he may have a horse drawn for him from the re-ride horses.
- If the stock contractor's equipment is used and breaks, the rider shall be given a re-ride. If the flank comes off, the rider may be given a re-ride provided he has completed a qualified ride.
- Any of the following offenses shall disqualify a rider:
 - Being bucked off.
 - Changing hands on rein.
 - Wrapping rein around hand.
 - Pulling leather. One hand must be free at all times.
 - Losing stirrup.
 - Touching the animal, himself, saddle, or rein with free hand.
 - Riding with locked rowels or rowels that will lock on spurs. Dry resin may be used on chaps and saddle. Anyone using any other foreign substance will be disqualified. (The judges will examine clothing, saddle, rein, and spurs, an exception will be made if local rules make it necessary for covering of spur rowels.)

- Judges may disqualify a bronc rider, who has been advised he is next to go, if he is not above the animal with his glove on (if used) when previous horse leaves the arena.

CONTEST SADDLE SPECIFICATIONS

- **RIGGING:** 3/4 double-front edge of Dee ring must pull not further back than directly below center point of swell. Standard E-Z ring type saddle Dee must be used and cannot exceed 5 3/4 inch outside measurement.
- **SWELL UNDERCUT:** Not more than two inches - one inch on each side.
- **GULLET:** Not less than four inches at center of fork of covered saddle.
- **TREE:** Saddle must be built on standard tree. Specifications: Fork - 14 inches wide. Height - 9 inches maximum. Gullet - 5 3/4 inches wide. Cantle - 5 inches maximum height, 14 inches maximum width. Stirrup leathers must be hung over bars. Front cinch must be at least five inches wide.
- Saddle should conform to the above measurements with a reasonable added thickness for leather covering. No freaks allowed.

BAREBACK BRONC RIDING

- Timers to start watch when inside shoulder clears point of the chute. Judges to carry a watch in all rough stock events.
- Horses to be furnished by the stock contractor. Riding to be done with one hand rigging. Contestant to provide his own rigging. Rigging is to be not over ten inches in width at hand hold and not over six inches at the Dee ring, or not a freak. Judges to decide on all rigging. Quick-release rigging is not legal to use.
- Chute boss, stock contractor or judges may ask for check on rigging while rider is getting on horse. Rider must be able to pull riding hand free from rigging or subject to a fine of \$50.00, second offense \$100.00. They may ask for a check on the glove at any time riding hand is free from rigging.
- To qualify, the rider must have spurs over the break of the shoulders and touching horse when horse's front feet hit the ground first jump out of chute.
- One arm must be free at all times.
- The contestant will have the right to call or pass on whether riggings are objectionable. All bareback riders will have a pad under rigging approved by stock contractors.
- Any of the following offenses will disqualify a rider:
 - Riding with rowels too sharp or locked in the opinion of either judge or stock contractor.
 - Being bucked off.
 - Touching the animal or himself with free hand.
 - Judges shall disqualify a bareback rider who has been advised he is next to go if he is not above the animal with his glove on when previous horse leaves the arena.
- There will be no tape or other adhesive material or substance other than dry resin and/or benzoin used on the rigging or under the rider's glove, such as finger wraps, and tape across palm, which will be a plain glove with no flaps, wedges, welds or gimmicks or is subject to a \$50.00 fine.
- The rider may have a single layer of leather under the handhold.
- The stock contractor may call the judge to pass whether the rigging is being set and/or cinched in a way that might hurt the horse's back. All cinches must be at least five inches wide. No rigging may have metal, fiberglass or other objectionable material underneath rigging. All riggings must have enough sheepskin or sponge rubber underneath to cover the horse's withers.
- Riders who are knocked off at the chute when a horse falls out of the chute will be entitled to a re-ride at the discretion of the judges. The rider may be given a re-ride if the flank comes off or breaks, provided the rider completes a qualified ride. Horses will be ridden eight seconds: time to start when horse leaves chute. The matter of re-rides shall be decided by judges.
- If rigging comes off horse with or without breaking, rider is disqualified.

C.C.P.R.A. YOUNG GUNS / NOVICE BB/SB

- Young Guns / Novice- Currently enrolled High School students and 15-18 years of age BB/SB riders who have won less than \$500 at open, CCPRA, or other association rodeos.
- Currently enrolled High School students will receive free membership to Young Guns / Novice events, non-students' memberships will be \$50.00 dues. Entry fees for these events will be \$30.00 plus association fees, (judges, timers, finals, office charge, etc.).
- Young Guns / Novice tour event will consist of rodeos in which stock contractors / committees agree to sanction said events. Young Guns / Novice contestants will not be allowed to enter regular C.C.P.R.A. sanctioned events, unless a full membership card is purchased.
- Young Guns / Novice events must have at least (3) contestants to be considered a contest. If less than (3) contestants are entered, the event may be cancelled or combine the two events, (BB/SB) in which case would pay off on high score no matter what event.
- Stock contractors will be asked to bring stock to fit the caliber of contestants entered.
- A minimum of \$100.00 prize money in each event would be required for approval. Year-end buckles will be awarded to high money winners in each event. The top money winner in each event MAY be invited to compete at the C.C.P.R.A. Finals, Bareback one night and Saddle Bronc the next night.

Passed by Board of Directors 1/8/2015 reapproved 1-6-16

BULL RIDING

- Timers to start watch when inside shoulder clears point of the chute. Judges to carry a watch in all rough stock events.
- Animals to be furnished by the stock contractor.
- Riding to be done with one hand and loose rope, with or without a handhold; no knots or hitches to prevent rope from falling off bull when rider leaves him. Bull rope must have a bell when bull leaves the chute. Bull will be ridden eight seconds; time to start when animal leaves chute. One arm must be free at all times.
- The contestant is entitled to a re-ride if bull fails to break from chute, if the contestant is dragged off on the gate or bull stops completely. No rings or stops to be used on bull rope.
- Riders who are knocked off at chute or if bull falls, will be entitled to a re-ride at the discretion of judges. Rider not to use sharp spurs.
- If the flank comes off, rider may be given re-ride provided he has completed a qualified ride.
- If the rider makes a qualified ride with any part of the rope in riding hand, he is to be marked. The contestant will have the right to call judges to pass on whether or not bull is properly flanked to buck to best of his ability. Bell must be under the belly of bull. The matter of re-ride shall be decided by the judges, regardless of performance.
- No more than two men may be on chute to pull contestant's rope.
- Head fighting bulls having bad horns must be tipped or kept out of draw. Bull with sharp horns should be tipped before being put in the draw.
- Rider will be disqualified for any of the following offenses:
 - Being bucked off.
 - Touching the animal or himself with free hand or chaps under the rope when rope is being tightened.
 - Judges may disqualify a bull rider who has been advised he is next to go if he is not above the animal with his glove on when previous bull leaves the arena.
- Bull riding day money will not be offered at any CCPRA rodeo.

CALF ROPING

- Rope must be tied hard and fast. Contestant must rope calf, dismount, go down rope and throw calf by hand and cross and tie any three feet. If the calf is down when roper reaches it the calf must be let up to his feet and be thrown by hand. Rope must hold the calf until roper gets hand on calf. Tie must hold, with legs crossed until passed on by the judge. Roper must not touch calf after giving a finish signal until the judge has completed his examination. If the tie comes loose or calf gets to his feet before the tie has been ruled a fair one the roper will be marked no time. Calf roper will be limited to thirty (30) seconds without counting any penalties. Calves cannot be run more than twice a day at each rodeo unless a cut is allowed due to injury.
- The field judge will pass on the tie of calves, timing six seconds from the time the rope horse takes his first step forward after the roper has remounted. **ROPE WILL NOT BE REMOVED FROM CALF AND ROPE MUST REMAIN SLACK UNTIL THE FIELD JUDGE HAS PASSED ON TIE.** In the event a contestant's catch rope is off a calf after completion of the tie, the 6 second time period is to start when roper clears calf. Flagger must watch calf during the 6 second period and will stop watch if calf kicks free using time shown on the watch to determine whether the calf was tied long enough to qualify.
- If there is a right-hand box, calf ropers will come from this box. Field flagger in calf roping to be provided with a stopwatch by rodeo secretary.
- **CATCH AS CATCH CAN**
- Two loops will be permitted, and should the roper miss both, he must retire, and no time will be allowed. Roping the calf without releasing loop from hand is not permitted.
- If the roper intends to use two loops, he must carry two ropes and must use second rope for second loop.
- Contestant must adjust rope and reins in a manner that will prevent horse from dragging calf.
- If the horse unintentionally drags the calf five feet but less than ten feet, the fine shall be \$50.00. If the horse unintentionally drags a calf ten feet or more, the fine shall be \$100.00. Intentionally dragging a calf, regardless of distance, shall result in a \$250.00 fine for each offense, plus disqualification. Intentional shall be defined as caused by contestant.
- If the contestant ropes the wrong calf, he must rope the right calf before the next go-round starts. The animal that must be returned will be returned during or at the end of performance.
- Roper has a right to see the stopwatch for time registered when the stopwatch was stopped.
- Under any circumstances roper will be disqualified for removing rope from calf after signaling for time, until passed on by the field judge.

- Weight for calves: 150 pounds minimum, 260 pounds maximum.
- All calves should be of the same breed and crossbreeds must be of the same cross. If there is any deviation from this, it must be approved by the calf roping director.
- At indoor rodeos length of score line may be no longer than length of roping box minus three feet, unless other arrangements are approved by the calf roping director or a man of his choice.
- Neck ropes must be tied with string. No metal snaps or hardware shall be used in the timed events.
- There will be two timers, a field judge, and a barrier judge. Time to be taken between two flags.
- If there must be a re-run of calves to complete a go-round, re-run must be drawn from all calves. All calves must be tied down in the presence of stock contractor and event director or spokesman at least one hour prior to drawing of stock.
- If after one go-round has been completed, a fresh calf has to be used, the calf must be roped and tied before the drawing, but if extra calves have been tied at that rodeo, they will not be considered fresh.
- Calves at the rodeo may be held out before the draw by the discretion of judge. Judge's decision is final. The Director must contact the stock contractor the following Monday after the rodeo.

BULLDOGGING

- After the arena is ready for the next contestant, there shall be no circling of horses in the arena.
- Contestant must furnish own hazer and horses. Steer must be caught from the horse. Only one hazer allowed.
- Line judge has the option to require contestant to run after rodeo if contestant cannot control his horse in box.
- If steer gets loose dogger may take no more than one step to catch steer. After catching steer, dogger must bring it to a stop or change directions and twist down. If steer is accidentally knocked down or thrown before being brought to a stop or is thrown by dogger putting animal's horns into the ground, it must be let up on all four feet and then thrown. Steer will be considered down only when it is lying flat on its side, or on its back with all four feet and head straight. Dogger must have hand on steer when flagged. The fairness of catch and throw will be left to the judges and their decision will be final.
- Hazer must not render any assistance to contestant while contestant is working with steer. Failure to observe this rule will disqualify the contestant. Contestant and hazer must use the same two horses they leave the chute with. Hazer will be disqualified for jumping steer.
- A barrier shall always be used in the Bull Dogging.
- A weight limit shall be placed on bull dogging cattle: minimum of 450 pounds and maximum of 650 pounds.
- If dogger misses or loses steer, flagman must ask dogger if he wishes another jump. Dogger must reply at once.
- There shall be two timers, a field judge, and a barrier judge. Time to be taken between two flags.
- Contestant will not be required to compete on a crippled steer or a steer with a broken horn.
- No re-runs will be given due to hanging of a horn, or horns, in chute.
- All contestants shall have the privilege of having someone push stock out. This person can go no farther than the score line.
- Anyone jumping from the offside in the bulldogging must notify the rodeo secretary when entering, and if possible, the barrier should be arranged on the offside in the bulldogging for such contestants.
- If a bulldogger is using the same horse as another dogger he must notify the rodeo secretary and/or stock contractor when entering or one hour before rodeo starts.
- If the contestant dogs wrong steer, he must dog right steer before next go-round starts. The animal that must be returned will be returned during or at the end of performance.

- There will be a 30-second elapsed time limit in the steer wrestling. A whistle indicating “no time” shall be blown by the timer at the end of the 30 second span, unless two head – then it shall be blown at the end of a 60 second span.
- The contestant is required to turn the steer’s head so it can stand up after time has been recorded.
- No steers can be used two years in a row unless approved by the director.

DALLY TEAM ROPING

- Contestants will start from behind a barrier. There will be a ten second penalty assessed for breaking the barrier.
- If the steer turns back so as to trip barrier flag before reaching deadline, team will get steer over. Deadline is defined as length of score across width of boxes. Once the steer crosses deadline, he belongs to ropers regardless of what happens, with one exception; if steer gets out of arena, flag will be dropped, and the roper gets steer back lap and tap with the time added which was taken when the steer left the arena.
- Each contestant will be allowed to carry but one rope. Each team will be allowed two loops. When an average will be paid, three loops will be given. Roping steers without turning loose the loop will be considered no catch. Roper must dally to stop steer. No tied rope allowed, except for heelers 50 years or over.
- Throwing Heel Loop. The steer's body must be changed and moving forward before the heel loop can be thrown. However, if the steer stops, it must only be moving forward for the heel loop to be legal. Any heel loop thrown in the switch will be considered a crossfire and no time will be recorded.
- Time will be taken when the steer is roped, both horses facing steer in line with ropes dallied and tight. Steer must be standing up when roped by head or heels.
- All changes in lists of roping order to split horses, etc. must be made before any stock for that event is loaded in chutes. After stock is loaded, ropers must rope in order listed. Steer must not be handled roughly at any time, and ropers may be disqualified if in the opinion of the field judge they have intentionally done so.
- Broken rope or dropped rope will be considered no time, regardless of whether time has been taken or not.
- If the steer is roped by one horn, roper is not allowed to ride up and put rope over other horn or head with hands.
- If the heeler ropes a front foot or feet in the heel loop, this is a foul catch. Neither contestant may remove the front foot or feet from loop by hand. However, should the front foot or feet come out of the heel loop by the time the field judges drops his flag, time will be counted.
- There shall be two timers, a barrier judge, and a field flag judge. Time to be taken between two flags.
- Any questions as to catches in this contest will be decided by the judges.
- LEGAL CATCHES: There will be only three legal head catches - head or both horns; half a head; around the neck. Front leg or in the mouth is illegal. If hondo passes over one horn and the loop over the other catch is illegal. Any heel catch behind both shoulders is legal if rope goes up heels. One hind foot receives a five second fine. If loop crosses itself in a head catch, it is illegal. This does not include the heel catches. A team cannot be flagged out until they have been flagged and the catch inspected.
- Team roping will be limited to 30 seconds, not including any penalties.

- Team roping shall be go once at all CCPRA rodeos with the exception of stock contractor or rodeo committee approval. With committee approval, they can go twice at CCPRA Rodeos. If team roping is go twice, points will only count once per man for the all-around highest money won.
- Inspection of Catches. Any questions as to catches in this contest will be decided by the judges. If a field judge tells the header to hold the steer so the field judge may inspect the head catch, and the header does not do so, the team may receive a “no-time”.
- If the contestant ropes the wrong steer, he must rope correct animal drawn before next go round starts. Animals that must be returned will be returned during or at the end of performance.

GIRLS BARREL RACING

- Girl's Barrel Racing is a timed event, using colored 55-gallon steel drums.
- Both ends of the barrels should be enclosed.
- There shall be no rubber or plastic barrels, or barrel pads used.
- If barrel covers are used, they should be used in slack as well as performances. **Same barrels must be used throughout entire rodeo.**
- There is to be only one contestant horse in the arena at a time during the barrel race, without exception.
- Contestant must notify the rodeo secretary if two are riding the same horse and request being split in drawn performance. Second contestant scheduled to compete shall be moved to the bottom of that performance. In no instance can a contestant be moved up in the draw.
- Starting gates will remain the same for all contestants during the entire rodeo.
- The start/finish line and the position for the barrels must be marked permanently for the entire rodeo.
- The contestant is allowed a running start and will be required to run in and out of the arena only when an acceptable, centrally located gate or gates safely permits, or by special Board of Director approval. Gates less than 10' off center on a standard pattern will be considered centrally located. All bottom brace bars in the alley and gateway must be covered with dirt for safety.
- If the gate is centrally located or a bit off-center, contestant must keep a forward motion toward the first barrel. If a side or corner gate, a spin or pivot is acceptable in either direction.
- The barrel pattern should be situated in such a manner as is centered to the gate with the first and second barrel equal distance from the center gate.
- Time will begin when the contestant crosses start/finish line.
- Contestants will be assessed a five-second penalty for knocking over a barrel. Touching the barrel is permitted.
- Should barrel be knocked over and it sets up on opposite end, the five-second penalty will be assessed.
- The barrel must be set back on marker if barrel is moved.
- Failure to follow course disqualifies the contestant for that go-round.
- Running position must be drawn for by the management and the order reversed for each go-round.
- At approved races girls can only enter once and must ride under her own name.
- Upon completion of a go-round, the management may, if they desire, pick the top times to run during the performance for succeeding go-rounds. A draw for position must be made among the top girls.
- In case of ties, all money shall be split as won by the contestants first run.

- If in the event of a tie for an undividable prize, a run-off shall be required unless the girls involved would rather flip a coin. If run-off is made, it is to be only for possession of the item. Winners shall be listed according to the first run a tie. If a girl does not want to run-off or flip a coin, she forfeits the prize unless the committee will donate another prize.
- Entry Fees already outlined previously page 18.
- After the arena is ready for the next contestant, there shall be no circling of horses in the arena. Fine \$50.00. Contestant must come into arena and head for first barrel at least at long trot without deliberately circling. In the event of a side gate entry, barrel racer may enter arena and directly position horse for her start. A barrel race contestant has 60 seconds from the time her name is called to enter the arena and cross the start line or contestant will be flagged out.
- Contestants shall not be let past the entry gate into the arena during the barrel race.
- Any barrel racer tampering with or moving ropes used as barrel markers will be disqualified for the balance of that rodeo and be subject to fine.
- One judge must be present and the first three competing contestants when marking barrels for the first performance or slack. This must be no later than one hour prior to the first performance or slack. The first three competing contestants will be held accountable for being sure this is done and if it is not done, fined \$50.00 each. In case of a turn out, the next contestant may be advanced to this position. If no competing contestants are present to set barrel marker in time stated and the judge sets the pattern at their discretion it stands as final. No changes will be made, the barrel racers will not be allowed to tamper with or re-set the pattern after the judges have set it.
- Judges shall initially set barrels on markers. Judges shall check barrel and eye markers with a tape measure prior to each rodeo performance.
- Should for any reason the barrels not be placed on the markers, or the flagman not be in the correct place, things must be put in correct order and all contestants who ran on the incorrect course must be rerun with no penalties assessed.
- When a rerun is required for any reason, there shall be a delay of thirty (30) minutes, if contestant so desires and will be penalty free.
 - Judges must make the decision that barrels were not on marker. Should this happen, contestants and judges should be notified, then judge and arena director will set the time for rerun.
 - In the event a barrel is off the marker, or the timer of flagman is not in the proper position and ALL contestants cannot be notified, and conditions cannot be corrected, and a rerun given, the rodeo will be paid off using the day money system in order not to sacrifice the money won at the rodeo. Points will count.
- If barrel contestant runs out of order, contestant will be disqualified.

- No practice runs will be made with barrels on markers. This includes junior barrel races and jackpots if before or between split goes or go- rounds.
- All girls are required to wear cowboy hat, long sleeved collared shirts, western boots, and must be neatly dressed, clean, and be in an orderly manner. No FADED denim allowed at Finals!
- All girls must carry a flag if requested during grand entry.
- Gate must be closed during GBR if arena circumstances allow.
- Vet Outs – Barrel Racing Only – Barrel racers will be allowed two vet outs per year either as a visual vet out or with a vets note. When vetting out the barrel racer cannot compete for ten days after the rodeo they vetted out of.
- If a rule is not covered in CCPRA. rule book, refer to WPRA rules.

JUDGES/TIMERS/ELECTRIC TIMERS

- There shall be two timers, a field flagger, and a field judge in Girl's Barrel Racing.
- There will be no talking to timekeepers, flagger, or field judge during the barrel racing event.
- At a sanctioned CCPRA. rodeo, an electric eye is mandatory. Stock contractor is fined \$100 dollars, doubled after. A three-minute time limit will be given for electric eye setup. If the eye is not functional in that time, backup flag will be used. Equipment necessary: complete electric eye timer plus one extra timing clock or stopwatch to be operated manually.
- If electric eye is used, backup flagger must stand behind eye, and timer is to be in usual position in timing stand. One timer will record the time (including hundredths) that appears on the electric eye controlled readout. The second timer will operate the backup manual clock or stopwatch and will record the time which is show thereon. She will operate from the flagman's signals and record the time on the watch. If malfunction occurs with the eye, girl is to be given time on hand watch. If hand watch time is used, then time will go to the tenths with no hundredths used. Both timers must be responsible for writing down times on a time sheet, anytime hand watches are used. If the electric eye fails to work for more than one half of the contestants who competed in an entire go round (includes performances and slacks), the backup (manual) recorded time will be the official time for all contestants in that go round. Time limit for adjusting eye will be at judge's discretion.
- Permanent markers should be put in the ground for the electric timer. Electric timers should be placed on the score line no closer than the width of the first two barrels for the electric eye to be centered in each performance. Person setting up timer should stand back at least 6 feet from the timer unless a mechanical failure occurs.
- Each timer will receive \$1.00 per contestant.
- Judges & secretary shall be at a rodeo at least 2 1/2 hours before start time. First offense, \$50. Second offense, \$100.

GROUND CONDITIONS

- If ground conditions are found to be unsafe for competition due to a MAN-MADE error or omission, that section of the performance or slack shall be stopped, as to protect the rider and horse. If Ground Conditions are considered to be inadequate at the discretion of the judge and director, judge and contractor, director and contractor, or any combination thereof, then the contestant will be given the option to turnout without a fine or run at her own risk.
- In the event that a serious ground deficiency occurs, that section or sections that compete on the less favorable ground shall be considered a separate barrel race and added money shall be divided accordingly.
- Due to an abbreviated barrel race caused by defective ground condition, only four monies shall be paid to each section that competes.
- In case of an extreme ground condition change that was MAN MADE, a formal complaint must be submitted to a judge/director BEFORE the second round of competition begins.
- If ground conditions are such that a rerun would be granted, barrel race should be stopped and all contestants in that section granted a rerun when ground conditions are corrected. Each contestant shall have the option to rerun or keep her recorded time. The section will run in the order originally drawn.

GROUND PREPARATION

- The committee is required to prepare ground in the arena to be consistent throughout the event.
- Ground must be worked halfway through the performance. If there are 12 contestants to run during a perf, the ground must be worked after 6. If there are 13 or 14 contestants to run during a perf, the ground will be worked after 7; if there are 15 or 16 contestants to run during a perf the ground will be worked after 8, etc., Turn outs and releases will be included in the count.
- In slack, ground throughout the barrel pattern must be worked with a tractor immediately before the barrel race and dragged after the equivalent number of contestants drawn for a performance.
- The ground in slack will be dragged after the equivalent number of contestants drawn for a performance and will be dragged in the same position (between the same two contestants) when the second go starts in slack or the list is reversed for back to back runs in slack, perf, or approved competition. Turn outs or releases will be included in the count.
- When there is no rodeo performance to use as a guideline, the ground around the barrels shall be worked immediately before the barrel race and after not more than 12 contestants have run.
- If slack is run before first perf of rodeo, it is mandatory to work and water the ground the same as will be done for the perf.

VET RELEASES

- Barrel Racers will be allowed two vet outs per year either as a visual vet out or with a vets note. When vetting out Barrel racer cannot compete for ten days- Cannot enter on another horse, they must sit out ten days from rodeo they vetted out at.

THE CLOVER LEAF PATTERN

STANDARD DISTANCE

PLEASE NOTE: Course should be set up allowing as much room as possible from gate to starting line.

- Standard maximum distance is 30 yards (90 feet) between barrels one and two, and 35 yards (105 feet) to the end barrel. The standard barrel race course shall be used and barrel set square with arena unless arena size and conditions i.e. wet or slippery areas, prevent the placement of exact course. The distance between the barrels may be shortened but all barrels when set on inside of rope marker must have the markers 17 feet from the fence. The third barrel shall be no closer than 35 feet from the fence for the standard course and no closer than 25 feet from fence for a shorter course.
- The starting line for all barrel races must be 20 yards, whenever possible, from barrels one and two. It should be 15 yards from the chute or fence. If under this, an opening must be provided for the girls to run home into and kept clear. Gate cannot be closed unless girl requests it.
- When rodeo has non-pro, jr. barrel race or a queen contest that uses the clover leaf pattern, barrels must be set on different set of markers.
- An additional event requiring the use of a barrel, barrels must not be put on CCPRA barrel markers.
- Markers should be buried at the location of each barrel, so the barrels will be in the same place during each complete go-round.
- When marking barrels, a steel tape should be used. It is not recommended to use rope for measuring as it can stretch or shrink. A steel stake, or something of that caliber, should be pounded into the ground. Barrels are to be marked one hour before performance, with the stipulations that the Stock Contractor has provided the equipment. Failure to have barrels marked at this time may result in fine to be split between that performance barrel race entries.
- Ground conditions will be considered in setting up the barrel pattern.

BREAKAWAY ROPING

General Rules

- The catch pen gate shall be closed at all rodeos.
- Ladies only in breakaway event.
- If the barrier pigtail ring drops ten (10) feet or more from the barrier post, barrier is considered unbroken. Catch pen gate will be closed.
- At one go-round rodeos, only one loop in permitted. There will be a thirty (30) second time limit.
- At two go-round rodeos, paying an average, and at the finals there will only be one loop permitted.
- Calves can weight no more than 400 lbs.
- No cattle may be used with horns over two (2) inches on either side.
- The rope shall be tied securely enough to the saddle horn with nylon string to allow a tug by the barrier judge and not break. The nylon string or ribbon shall be attached to the rope at the end of the rope. The barrier judge may request rope to be retied before permitting contestant to compete.
- If contestant ropes wrong calf, she must rope right calf before next go- round starts. Animal that must be returned will be returned during or at the end of performance.
- The flagman should be positioned down the arena from the timed event chute on the side of the roper from which the rope is fed so the rope flag is clearly visible when the rope breaks away.
- A flag or ribbon that is visible to barrier and flag judges must be attached to the rope at the end of the rope. Any string color may be used but must be nylon string.
- A contestant shall not discuss a judge's decision with either judge in a manner that interferes with the judge's ability to perform his duties. Either judge may impose a \$50.00 fine for violation of this rule.
- During the breakaway, a designated person/spotter will watch to ensure that no front leg is roped before the flag drops. Judge's decision is final. Designated person/spotter must be used in all performances & slack. All or none.

To Qualify a Contestant Must:

- Ropers will start from the box on the right behind the barrier. Breaking the barrier is a 10 second penalty.
- LEGAL CATCH: The only legal catch will be a bell collar catch. Any other catch will be called a "no time". A bell collar catch is defined as the calf's whole head with no extremities. Rope must break away before the rope transitions from back to tail head.
- The calf must break the rope away from the horn.

The Following Will Disqualify a Contestant:

- Any calf to touch or cross the line at the catch pen gate before the rope has broken away will be flagged out. The line will be an imaginary plane between the gate posts.
- Missing the first loop.
- Roper breaking rope from the saddle horn.
- Not being ready to compete when called.
- Refusing to contest on animal drawn by or selected for her.
- Being under the influence of alcohol.
- Rowdiness.
- Mistreatment of stock.
- Altercation or quarreling with judges or officials. (Any individual breaking this rule will be subject to fine, suspension, at discretion of the Board of Directors.)
- Failure to give assistance when requested to do so by arena director, or for any other reason deemed sufficient by the management.

CONTRACT ACTS

Person presenting contract acts at CCPRA rodeos will be subject to CCPRA rules regarding conduct and arena rules.

CONTRACT ACTS WILL OBSERVE THE FOLLOWING POLICIES

- Specialty Act:
 - It is urged that all specialty acts be somehow related to cowboy skills, outdoors, or animals, such as trick riders, whip acts, dog acts, horse act, etc. thus making them compatible with the rodeo performance, and an added treat in the same general area of entertainment that a rodeo audience enjoys.
 - It is suggested that quality and professionalism be constantly maintained and upgraded, and that anything less than that be considered detrimental to the sport of rodeo and the CCPRA. Any specialty act obviously detrimental to the rodeo may be reviewed by the Board of Directors and a letter to that effect issued.
- Rodeo Clown:
 - It is urged that rodeo clowns keep it clean. As we consider rodeo America's Finest family entertainment, it is suggested that jokes with double-meaning or those which depend on sexuality for humor be eliminated. By the same token a clown with a bra in his hand or the seat of his pants on fire is generally funny to all and offensive to none.
 - It is also suggested that a rodeo clown appear at other times than the bull riding, and they try to offer at least two short acts during each performance to take care of the inevitable slack during the normal transition from event to event.
- Announcers:
 - It should be stressed that the announcer is the communication between the rodeo and the audience, and that the stock contractor and the cowboys provide the display, but the announcer does the selling. Announcer should repeat that this is a CCPRA Championship Rodeo.
 - It should be borne in mind that of all work-oriented skills that have evolved into sport such as lumberjack contests, milking contest, etc. only rodeo is organized and can be considered a major sport of its kind and thus holds a position in America.
 - The announcer should briefly and interestingly explain the entry fee system and awards to the audience thus further establishing that rodeo is an organized sport and not a spectacle or wild west show.
 - The announcer should briefly and interestingly explain the tools of the cowboy trade and sport, such as roping horse, rope, pigging string, buck rein, etc. at the appropriate time bringing the audience to the familiarity and identification with the cowboy, and thus increasing their interest in the sport.

- Overstatement and untruths by announcers should be discouraged in the sport of rodeo which is eminently qualified to stand alone without the use of such ploys.
- Announcers shall not give the impression that cowboys are biased towards minority groups or other factions present and their hair or dress.

Finals Rodeo

- The top 12 money winners from each event in the overall Association standings at the end of the season will be eligible to compete at the Finals Rodeo. The 13th spot at the CCPRA Finals, in every event, will be filled by a youth contestant that is a CCPRA member. Regardless of their place in the standings, the youth member will roll up to the 13th spot. If a person in the top 12 is unable to compete, the numerical standings will be used to fill any positions. TO BE CONSIDERED, ALL CONTESTANTS MUST ENTER ON ENTRY DAY.
- There is no rodeo minimum to qualify the CCPRA Finals, however in order to qualify for year-end awards at the CCPRA Finals, contestants must have competed at a minimum of five rodeos.
- Competition order of finals rodeo will be as follows for 2 go-round finals: positions will be drawn for in the first go-around and from last place to first place (after first go-around points are added) in second go-around with the exception of the barrel race. Barrel race will be reverse draw for the second round. This draw may be done with secretary and judge early enough in day to be included on day sheets. 3 go-arounds will have the first go-around drawn for, the second go-around will go from first to last place, and the third go-around will go from last to first place. 4 go-arounds will have the first go-around drawn for then reversed for the second go-around. Third go-around will go from first to last place, fourth go-around will go from last to first place.
- In order to be eligible to compete at the Finals, a contestant must have purchased a membership card and have won money in competing event. If event does not fill, it reverts back to high money won.
- In order to receive any year-end awards, said recipient must have a current CCPRA membership card.
- In order to receive any year-end awards, said recipient must have competed in five CCPRA rodeos that year.
- Finals Rodeo qualifiers must compete in all Finals Rodeo performances to receive any CCPRA awards unless excused by doctor's certificate or if rodeo is postponed or cancelled.
- Contestants eligible for the Finals All Around Award must compete in at least two of the events for which he or she is eligible at the Finals Rodeo.
- At Finals Rodeo, buckle or other prize for any event with a tie for first place, both first place awards will be duplicated.
- A contestant who turns out of any or all of the performances of the CCPRA Finals rodeo will be fined \$100 plus the entry fees for each event turned out of (excluding doctor outs and vet outs in the barrel racing).

- There will be a champion header and heeler for year-end finals. Two buckles and two saddles. Secretary will keep separate points and publish on the website. Top 12 header and top 12 heelers will go to the finals, along with the 13th spot youth.
- 4 monies to be paid at the Finals; 6 monies will be paid in all events if the added money per event is \$8,000.00 or more.
- Vet Out at Finals: All vet outs must be submitted 24 hours prior to the first performance or contestant is responsible for entry fees.
- Entry fees for the Finals are \$225, no matter what the added money is.
- The added money in the Finals team roping will be doubled.
- At the Finals Rodeo during the Girl's Barrel Racing a tractor drag will be completed halfway through the draw. If there are 13 contestants, the tractor will rake after 7 contestants have run.

FINALS PERSONNEL

The following things are required to be considered eligible to work the current year finals rodeo.

- Membership cards must be purchase by August 1st.
- The judges and flaggers for the Finals will be selected by ballot vote of the Board of Directors. Payment determined by board each year.
- Timers, arena director, secretary, chute boss (barrier boss) will be selected by ballot vote by the Board of Directors from eligible members. They will be paid a fee set by the Board of Directors that fits within current year's budget. Any perks are available they will be specified at that time. No other perks will be negotiated.
- Payment received by Finals announcer, clown, act or sound person will be based on contractual agreement with the CCPRA Board of Directors and must fit within current year's budget.
- Pick-Up Men and Bullfighters will be selected and voted on by the Board of Directors. Payment will be determined by the board each year.

FINALS STOCK

- The payment for the stock for the Finals Rodeo will be decided upon by contractual agreement with the CCPRA Board of Directors.
- The event directors and the stock contractors will determine the additional stock to be used at the Finals. The stock contractors will submit proposed Finals rough stock to the executive riding event director no later than 2 weeks prior to the Finals date. The event directors will set the stock pens for the Finals from the list submitted by the stock contractors. The CCPRA Office will provide the executive riding event director with copies of riding event judges sheets. Substitutes must be approved by the director of that event.
- Re-Rides not used in the first performance will be put in the draw for the second performance. 3 re-rides are needed for each event, no matter how many entries. Re-rides will be designated; order of re-rides will be drawn. Re-rides will be paid to the contractor.
- CCPRA Executive Board will designate what Finals cattle stock contractor will bring for that year, alternating every other year. If event director does not feel stock is right for the finals he can:
 - Give the CCPRA stock contractor a chance to improve cattle.
 - Go to another CCPRA stock contractor for cattle.
- The event director may split cattle from among CCPRA stock contractors to create a finals herd.
- The event director may go to an outside source for finals stock if CCPRA stock contractors are not adequate.
- Riding event stock to be eligible for the Finals and Stock of the Year award, they must be in the draw at a minimum of four outs in current year at CCPRA rodeos for stock of the year and a minimum of two outs for finals eligibility. Eligible riding stock can be leased by CCPRA stock contractors.
- Each Event Director will be present for the draw during the Finals.
- Timed event finals cattle must be owned by a CCPRA stock contractor.
- If fresh calves are to be used at the finals, they must be roped and tied down twice in presence of event finalists.

ENTRY SYSTEM

- Contestants must enter online through the link listed on the CCPRA website. The entry link will be available a minimum of six days prior the entry closing date. The entry link will close at 11:59PM on two Tuesdays before the first performance. Payment due at the time of entry with a Debit/Credit card. Non-Members that do not purchase a Day Permit will be in the Draw and will be refunded. In the event that only one member of a Team Roping Team enters, not both members, the team will not be included in the Draw and the one team member that paid will be refunded.
- Late Entries- Late Entries will be accepted for one week following the close of entries, only if the event does not fill to 12 contestants and the Stock Contractor allows. Late entries will not be accepted if there is slack in an event. Late entry contestants are subject to a \$25.00 fine and will be placed at the top of the draw with the exception of Girl's Barrel Racing, late entry contestants will be at the bottom of the draw.
- Entry time must be open at least 6 days.
- Team Roping go twice. If you get entered three times - FINE \$10.00. This is important, because it has happened a lot. It takes a lot of extra time to delete buddy groups and change buddy groups. Plan it before you call and check with your partners before you enter You will be entered with the last two that entered you.
- Double Entries: \$10.00 FINE if you get entered more than one time.
- Wrong Card # - \$10.00 FINE.
- Looking Up Card # - \$10.00 FINE.
- Changing Entry. Members 1st time - no charge; 2nd time - \$10.00 CHARGE. Non-members \$20.00 EACH TIME.
- \$250 FINE for harassing any of the personnel at the entry office or at the CCPRA office. **This rule will be enforced!!!**
- If stock contractors do not contact the Entry Office before 10:00 a.m. the day after entries, we have the right to draw the rodeo and it will stand as is.
- If contestant shows up on wrong date on entry sheets and states entry is incorrect, and chooses to compete, they must post a \$50 bond and be fined \$250 if proven wrong. Their winnings will be held until proof of entry has been clarified. Contestant will go first in timed events and last in the barrels.
- If a Team Roping Contestant is entered twice in the team roping they are NOT guaranteed to be: Up in the same performance with both runs; In the same performance as their buddy group; Or in the same performance as another event, if they are entered in multiple events.

Buddy Groups:

ADVANTAGE – gives you someone to travel with. Up to a four-person buddy group is allowed. You will be up the same day. One day rodeo contestants will be able to buddy; unless the event is limited.

Timed Event Contestants can not buddy with Rough Stock Contestants unless the contestants are married.

DISADVANTAGE – the more in your buddy group, the more entries or spots that have to be open for you to fit. Preferences may be split. This may keep you from getting your first preference as often as a single entry does. If you think you may need to make a trade for some reason, don't buddy more than necessary. It will be easier to find trades.

IMPORTANT! Remember your draw priority is based on the lowest priority in your buddy group. If you have 2 card members and one permit, your priority will be dropped down.

Priority Random Draw:

In order to get more contestants to more rodeos in a given week, we use a priority system. The system is simple, and it works like this: **FIRST**, you and your buddies must be a member of the CCPRA to be in the highest priority group. **SECOND**, the more rodeos you go to in a given week, the higher your priority is. Sample: four rodeos in a week, enter all 4="A" priority, 3="B" priority, 2="C" priority, 1="D" priority. After the priority has been assigned, the random draw takes place. This is done group by group starting with "A" priority. Remember, larger buddy groups, it takes more slots for you to fit when you are drawn. Sample: a buddy group with multi eventers, 1 team, 2 calf ropers, 2 steer wrestlers, 1 barrel racer, 1 breakaway- 7 slots have to be open at all rodeos for you to get your preference (up to FOUR members per buddy group). If every slot fits except one, your whole buddy group is blocked - you will probably be moved to where you will fit. **BECAUSE YOU ARE A BUDDY GROUP** - needing lots of slots, a lower priority might get **SOME** of the slots you wanted. When your name or buddy group pops up and your first preference is open, it will place you there. If not, it looks for your second preference and places you - if not, it will place you where you will fit - Draw for priority position - first to come out in the draw will be in the competition order in the Saddle Bronc, Bareback, Bull Riding, Steer Wrestling, Calf Roping, Breakaway, Barrel Racing, and Team Roping.

Multiple rodeos: Competition order will be re-drawn within priority.

In the barrel race, on a weekend with more than one rodeo: the first rodeo competition position will be run in the order of priority draw, random draw for permits and cardholders. At all other rodeos the same weekend, card holders will be re-drawn for position, mixing all priority and permit holders.

Preferences

- You are allowed to give two preferences plus you may use the out perimeter. IMPORTANT! If you use the out, MEAN IT – you are saying you can't be there at a certain time. When you are drawn, if the only place you will fit is where you said OUT, YOU WILL BE OUT, and your payment card will be refunded. This is done before any auto trade takes place because it is not fair to trade someone because you used the OUT. DON'T TRY TO GET WHAT YOU WANT BY USING THE OUT, IT DOESN'T WORK. Rather than using the out, make trades. When giving preferences, make sure you're not asking for a non-drivable combination. The program WILL GIVE you first preference if not blocked at one of the rodeos. If blocked, it WILL GIVE you your second preference all the way through. If that is blocked it will place you where you will fit.
- Trades are made with the rodeo secretary. The trades will be made position for position. Both parties must contact the rodeo secretary to confirm a trade. Trade deadline 24 hours before slack or performance, whatever is first.

Permit Entry Procedures

- Any non-member may enter a CCPRA rodeo by purchasing a "Permit" at the time of entry. Cost of permit is \$30.00 per rodeo plus fees. Contestants may enter as many rodeos on a permit as needed. There is no guarantee you will be up the same day on multiple events or buddy groups. Points won on a permit do not count toward year-end awards. Unless the permit holder wins \$500.00 or more in a single event that day. Then the permit holder will automatically become a member with \$200.00 held out of their winnings and money won will count.
- Any person who is not on the delinquent or ineligible list may work any rodeo by purchasing a \$30 permit plus fees.
- Co-Approval Rodeos: Remember when entering a co-approved rodeo, you must follow their entry procedures and follow their association rules. As a member of the CCPRA money won at co-approved rodeos will count toward CCPRA Championship standing.

Your Responsibilities

- An email confirmation will be sent to the email listed on the entry form.
- At the end of an entry it is YOUR responsibility to make sure the read back is correct. If it is not, say something or the books stand correct.
- Give the CORRECT CARD NUMBER for anyone you are entering. If the wrong card number is given, we will go ahead and enter the person if we can verify their membership. An incorrect card number is very time consuming.
- Make sure one person is entering the rodeo in buddy groups. A \$5.00 service charge for double entries will be charged.

- It is your responsibility to organize your entry. If someone wants to change another person's entry, the original person must call to make the changes. This includes adding to a BUDDY GROUP. If original entries are changed, the following fines will be assessed: \$10.00 per change. This rule helps keep the phone lines open, less chance of errors, and saves a lot of added work in the office.
- If you have a problem with the draw, we will investigate it so long as the draw is still on the computer free of charge. Every draw is checked for errors. If the computer has been cleared, we will still investigate on a bond basis and if you have been wronged we will make it right, but if you have not been wronged, you will forfeit your bond of \$50.00.

Doctor Release & Turnout Procedures:

- Call rodeo secretary to doctor release or turnout of a rodeo at least 3 hours prior to start of performance or slack that you are scheduled to compete in. If you doctor out, you will be unable to compete for 10 days. The CCPRA office must receive doctor's certificate within 7 days of rodeo or fine will be \$50 plus fee.
- Dues: Dues must be paid by 5pm the Monday before entries open to enter as a member, you may enter as a permit and points do not count. Entries will only be accepted during published entry times. Late enters will be fined.
- We accept MasterCard and Visa for membership dues or fines; a \$7.00 bank charge will be applied.

Waiting List Rule

- Contestants on the waiting list will be contacted by the rodeo secretary up to 12 hours before the first performance if an opening is available. Opening shall be filled by first notified name on the waiting list and on down.
- At the rodeos the waiting list will be honored by the first name on the list and on down. Any contestants on the waiting list must check in with the Rodeo Secretary before the stock draw before performance of that rodeo. Non-notified turn outs will not be filled in any event.

Trades

- Trades are made with the Rodeo Secretary. The trades will be made position for position. Both parties MUST contact the Rodeo Secretary to confirm a trade. Trade deadline is 24 hours before slack or performance, whatever is first.
- Arena secretaries may trade a contestant into an open position created by a turn out or draw out, provided this is done prior to the stock draw. A trade to an open position which would move a contestant from a performance to a section of slack will not be allowed, nor will a trade to an open position within the same performance or section of slack be allowed.

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